

MASON'S
DELICIOUS
O.K.
SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

SPORT SIGHT

Qualified European Attention. Modern
Nightlight Tinting Equipment at
LAZARUS.
13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Established over 40 Years.
For Appointment—
Phone MR. COOPER, C. 2203.

No. 22,200 號百貳千貳萬貳第 日拾初月捌年巳己 HONG KONG, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1929. 四拜禮 日貳拾月玖年九廿百九仟壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

DELICIOUSLY



REFRESHING DRINK

SOLE AGENTS:—
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hong Kong.)

HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONG KONG—CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hong Kong: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 10.00 P.M. (Sundays 10.00 A.M. only)
Sailings from Canton: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 4.30 P.M. (Sundays 4.30 P.M. only)

HONG KONG—MACAO LINE.

From Hong Kong: 8.00 A.M. "SUI TAI" from Wing Lok Wharf. (Sundays Excepted)
4.00 P.M. "SUI AN" do. (Sundays Excepted)
From Macao: 8.00 A.M. "SUI AN" (Sundays Excepted)
2.00 P.M. "SUI TAI" (Sundays Excepted)

EXCURSION TO MACAO:—

On SUNDAY, 15th SEPTEMBER.

S.S. "SUI TAI"

Will depart from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf at 9 A.M., and
From Macao at 5.00 P.M.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

\$1,000 on attaining the age of Fifty-five.
Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal.

Particulars from—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

AGENTS,
2, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

SHIPBUILDERS,
SHIP REPAIRERS,
BOILER MAKERS,
FORGE MASTERS,
OXY-ACETYLENE AND
ELECTRIC WELDERS,
MECHANICAL AND
ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERS.

THE TAKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY
SALVAGE TUG "TAIKOO"
Length 787 Feet.
Depth on Centre of
S.H. (R.W.O.S.T.) 34 ft. 6 ins.
—THREE SLIPWAYS—
Capable of Handling Ships Up
to 3,000 Tons Displacement
Electric Crane at Sea Wall.
Capable of Lifting 100 Tons
at 70 Feet Radius.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents,
HONG KONG, CHINA & JAPAN.

TEL. ADDRESS: "TAIKOODOCK, HONG KONG."
TELEPHONE: No. 212 CENTRAL
CALL FLAG: "O" OVER "ANS. PENMANT."

ENGLISH FOLK AND FOREIGNERS.

OVERDUE CHANGES IN BEHAVIOUR.

INSULAR MANNERS AND CUSTOMS THAT ARE OUT-OF-DATE.

WHY ENGLAND IS LOSING VISITORS.

[By LORD DROLES, D.S.O.]

I should like to see our manners, especially towards those from overseas, improve.

I think that our rudeness costs us hundreds of thousands of pounds a year, and I do not believe we get sufficient amusement out of it for us to consider it a pastime worth the money!

If we are polite to the foreigner, we are just polite only and out of sympathy for his being a foreigner, and show him a form of pity which he welcomes about as much as we should welcome it from anyone pitying us for being British.

Perhaps I speak hastily, though: sometimes my words are borne out only too well.

A short time ago I recommended to some American friends of mine, or, rather, of my wife, who is an American, an hotel which I considered to be one of the best in London. The day after they had installed themselves there I rang up for a word as to their comfort. To my astonishment, I was informed that they had left. When I saw them again they explained that they could not afford the hotel prices.

"But their prices are not really particularly terrible. I gave a dinner for four, and it came only to ten guineas, and it was only to give the same dinner to the same number of people," said the American, quietly, "and it cost me forty."

Our Insular Way.

As a true Briton, I am always against the Government, but, seriously, I do not think our Government shows the good sense of past administrations in dealing with the foreigner. That, I admit, is not a matter of manners, but of policy, and it is none policy surely for us to make it difficult for the foreigner to visit us and attempting for him to stay.

For instance, I have often noticed that should a foreigner in the street ask us the way we assume not only that he is a congenial idiot who can never be made to understand anything, but that he is deaf besides. Therefore, in the kindness of our hearts, we shout at him. And instead of elaborating our explanations or directions, as the case may be, all we do is to say the same thing over and over, a trifle more loudly each time. By the time we are through with him, in fact, if he is not the deaf congenial idiot that we mistook him for, it is scarcely our fault.

In England, if we manage to give him a thrill, it is a thrill akin to that felt by an escaped and wanted criminal.

Should he happen to feel thirsty a little after midnight, we send him to bed—thirsty still!

The Tax Question.

Should he dare to stay with us for a year, we tax him. (I can almost hear the Government say, "We'll learn 'im!" "I admit that this does not often happen, as usually he is far too miserable to endure even six months on our hostile shores. We have not even had the politeness to let the American or any other stranger know that he can stay a year here now and pay tax only on what he spends.

But the tax question is not so important as the way in which the visitor spends his days and nights. In Paris he can do as he pleases. The French are innately polite, and they lay themselves out to oblige any stranger. If he wishes to stay up and dance all night, nobody will say him nay. If he wishes to make a noise, nothing more will be done about it beyond the orchestra being told to play fortissimo and more so. If he makes the slightest sound in London, we shall shrink visibly, shiver, and we let him see us in the act.

Then there are the races. Americans have a tradition that one of the most beautiful sights in the world is an English race-meeting. Quite naturally and casually he strolls to the one comfortable place—the members' enclosure. Here he is shooed off, and nothing can get him in.

The Clubs and Cookery.

And the clubs! A club in the United States is what its title connotes—a place that is clubby. Should an Englishman be introduced into a club, it is his second home. He can go there at will; he can do there whatsoever he pleases. But in England he may enter only when escorted by his host, who, evidently, is expected to be a sort of plain-clothes policeman, though I am not sure whether the host's responsibility consists of keeping an eye on his guest or an eye on the silver, or possibly one upon each simultaneously—a very disturbing idea.

Our cookery is another form of bad manners. We are credited with having the best table manners on earth. I know, and no wonder, for our endurance has been so taxed by what is set before us that we have disciplined ourselves to stand the worst. We pride ourselves on repressing all emotion, and eating quietly and calmly. I agree that it is as well we should. My own emotions, for example, given display at most British tables, would shock an East End bargee—and not without reason.

By the way, how many of us have ever paused to consider our manners objectively, or even to wonder as to the basis upon which manners are built?

Do our English manners make the stranger feel at home? Do our English ideas of "form" make us easy and agreeable companions? Do they show a delicate appreciation of viewpoints not our own, customs strange to us?

I ask any Englishman to put the question to himself and answer in all honesty, and I am willing to wager that after a little thought his reply will be "No."

The change which, as I see it, would be among the most beneficial to the country would be an alteration in manners. Surely since such a change calls for no fundamental alteration in character or principle, and no outlay of money, it would be easy of accomplishment.

England's Historic Appeal.

England, with its historic appeal, its quaintness, its beautiful country, its fascinating cities, should be a land that appeals to all foreigners and especially to Americans, who are not handicapped as they are abroad by a want of understanding of the language. And although I may have joked a little about the harshness of our manners, and, if I may be forgiven for it, exaggerated slightly, the stark fact does remain that our lack of appreciation of the foreigner is proving an expensive business. Money that should be pouring into England is being diverted to other lands.

Industries that should flourish in England—such as theatrical production—are deprived of wealth that would mean a great deal to English working men and women. Sightseeing, and all the related industries, such as automobile-renting, buses, trains, and so on, are forced to do without that which, with so little trouble on the part of the public, could be theirs.

When this change comes, and we have really trained ourselves to welcome the foreigner—and inwardly we do welcome him, although we have not learned a means of expression—we shall be a happier and more prosperous nation. And while I am on the subject, I might add that it would not do us any harm to be a trifle more amiable to one another. But we understand one another, so I do not suppose it really matters. But I should like to see my nation grow away from the very characteristic story that is told of the two country yokels, Giles and Jarge. Said Giles to Jarge, "I say, Jarge, there is a stranger in these 'ere parts." "Well, then," replied Jarge to Giles, "leave a 'arf a brick at 'im!"

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day. (September 12.)	Friday. (September 13.)	Saturday. (September 14.)
Lamport Bros.: Auction old and surplus Naval Stores, Naval Yard, and Kowloon Naval Depot, 9.30 a.m. Tennis:—Chinese Athletic Association Tournament: W. Bray and H. Owen Hughes v. Horace Lo and C. Choa, M. W. and M. K. Lo v. W. Hardy and Richardson, Lu Tak Cheuk and Chiu Tsun Chiu v. S. J. Remedios and A. V. Cosano, Lim Dong So and John Lim v. K. L. Ho and Yew Man Kit. Forbes Russell Comedy Co.: "By Candle Light," Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "While the City Sleeps." World Theatre: "The Villa by the Sea" at 5.15 and 9.20 p.m.; "The Hermit's Own Wedding" (Chinese picture) 2.30 and 7.15 p.m. Star Theatre: "Blue Skies." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 2.51 a.m.; Low: 12.06 p.m. European Mails:—Inwards: Europe via Suez (Mantua).	Christian Fellowship Meeting, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m. Billiards League: St. Patrick's v. Hong Kong Police Res., Craigen-gower v. Somersets, H.K. Police v. Buffalo Club, R.E.'s v. Garrison Meas, R.A. v. K.O.S.B. Tennis:—Chinese Athletic Association Tournament: S. E. Green and G. Bodiker v. T. Honda and H. Yoshida, G. W. Sewell and C. E. Holmes v. Ng Kam Chuen and Choi Fung Fan. Promenade Concert (K.O.S.B. Band) H.K.V.D.C. Parade ground, 8.15 p.m. Forbes Russell Comedy Co.: "By Candle Light," Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "While the City Sleeps." World Theatre: "The Villa by the Sea" at 5.15 and 9.20 p.m.; "The Hermit's Own Wedding" (Chinese picture) 2.30 and 7.15 p.m. Star Theatre: "Blue Skies." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, and Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 4.11 a.m.; Low: 12.39 p.m.	Baseball: Japanese v. Hong Kong. Lawn Bowls:—Div. I.: Kowloon C.C. v. Bowling Green, Police v. Recreation, Div. II.: Taikee v. Kowloon C.C. Annual Aquatic Sports of Police and Prison Department, V.R.C. Forbes Russell Comedy: "Her Cardboard Lover," Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "While the City Sleeps." World Theatre: "The Villa by the Sea," 5.15 and 9.20 p.m.; "The Hermit's Own Wedding" (Chinese picture), 2.30 and 7.15 p.m. Star Theatre: "Blue Skies." Tea Dances: Hong Kong Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m. Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, Peninsula, and Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 5.30 a.m. and 0.44 p.m.; Low: 1.30 p.m. European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Morea), 10.30 a.m.

THE HONGKONG

PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONG KONG HOTEL;
REPULSE BAY HOTEL;
PEAK HOTEL.

AND

SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL;
PALACE HOTEL;
MAJESTIC HOTEL.

HOTELS,

LIMITED.

IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE
GRAND HOTEL DES WAGONS,
LITS, PEPING.

The Only Hotel in CANTON
Directly under European
Management.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL
SHAMSEEN.
Guides
and Trips
arranged for
and Special-Care
Taken of TOURISTS.
Cable Address: "VICTORIA."

SPORTING.

GUNS by W. W. GREENER,
WEBLEY and SCOTT, and Other
Makers—British, French and American.
B.S.A. Air Rifles, and Miniature
Rifles, 25, Calibre, Repeating and
Automatic.
SPORTING CARTRIDGES of
all descriptions.
Agents for W. W. GREENER,
LTD., BIRMINGHAM.

HONG KONG SPORTING ARMS
AND AMMUNITION STORE,
8, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.

FOR SALE.

SUTTON & SONS' COLLECTIONS
OF
FLOWER & VEGETABLE SEEDS.

Specially arranged for China.
Each Collection contains sufficient
Seeds for One Season's Requirements,
according to the Size of the Garden.
Collection of Flower Seeds
only ... @ \$5, \$7, \$12.
Collection of Vegetable
Seeds only ... @ \$5, \$7, \$12.
Collection of Flower and
Vegetable Seeds in-
cluding both ... @ \$5, \$7, \$12.

GRACA & CO.,

Dealers in Garden Seeds, Philatelic
Goods, Pictorial Post Cards, Toys, etc.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG.

ON SALE.

HONG KONG HANSARD RE-
PORTS OF THE MEETINGS
OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
for the Session 1928.

REVISED BY MEMBERS.

PRICE 8s.

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

Courtesy, Comfort, Service
and Luxuries of Modern Hotel
Construction

THE HOTEL RIVIERA MACAU

Cable Address:—"Riviera, Macau."

FRIGIDAIRE

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS

Call and inspect the New
Models in our Showroom



Consider these new
Frigidaire features

- 1.—So incredibly quiet you don't hear it start, stop or run.
- 2.—Complete simplicity... plug it into a convenient electric outlet and forget it.
- 3.—Easily portable... can be moved anywhere.
- 4.—Mechanism completely concealed.
- 5.—COLD CONTROL... offered only on Frigidaire.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Sole Distributors for Hong Kong and S. China.

Queen's Building.

Tel. C. 1030.

MARTELL'S BRANDIES

V. S. O. P.

BOTTLED IN
COGNAC AND
GUARANTEED
PURE GRAPE
BRANDY

THREE STAR

V. V. E. S. O. P.

MARTELL & CO.

SOLE AGENTS—

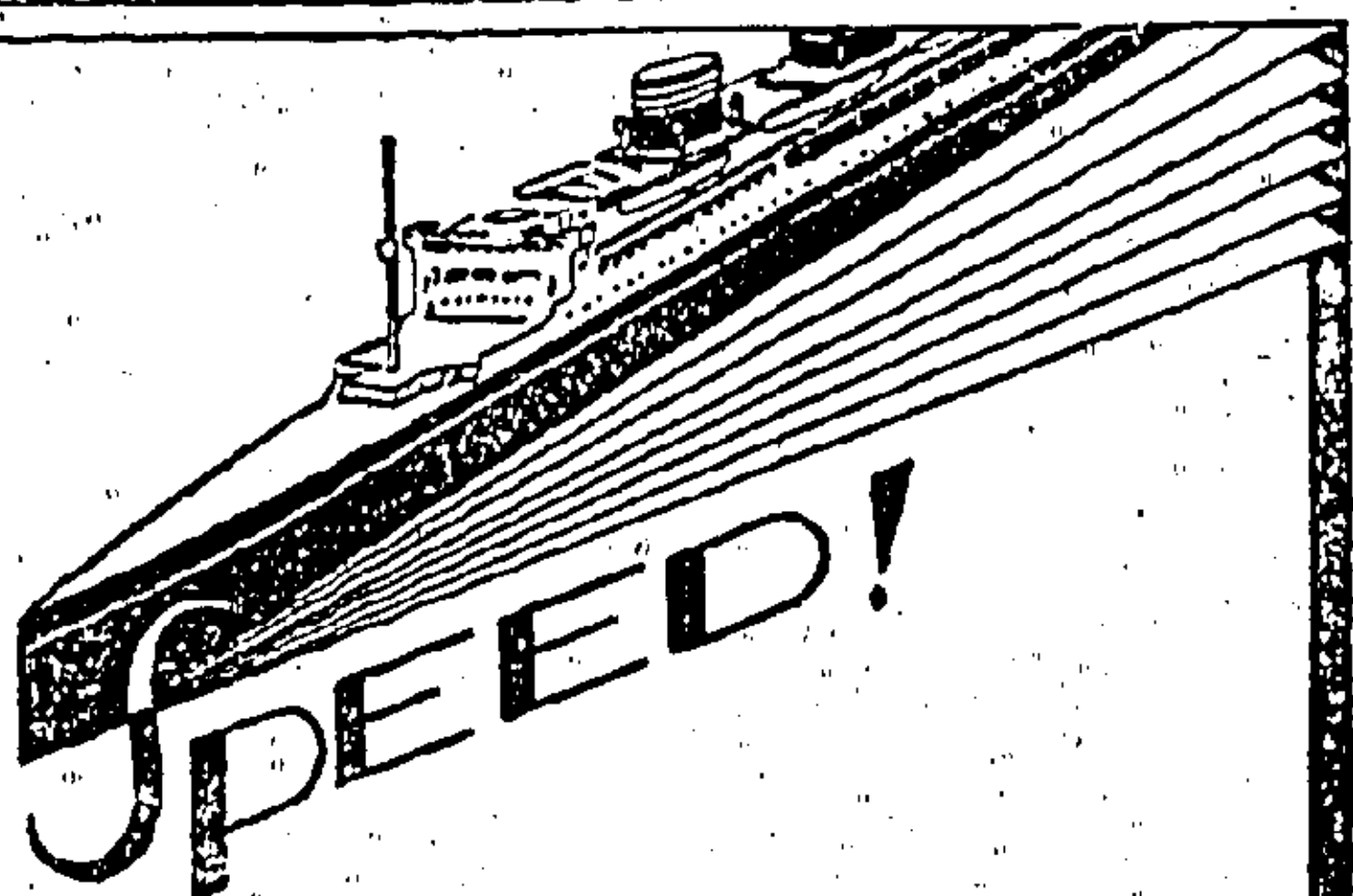
GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

St. George's Building, Ice House Street,

TEL. C. 135.

HONG KONG.



Yes—she is
the fastest vessel and
the largest on the
Pacific running over
the Popular Route
via Honolulu

ASAMA MARU
THE SILK EXPRESS
TO AMERICA VIA HONOLULU

"GREATER than RUST"

Wilkinson's

ANTICORROSIVE

Ready Mixed Paints

for Every Description of Iron and Steel Work

Large Stocks kept
of Two Shades each

RED AND GREY

Specify

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark's
PAINTS

Agents:

S. C. LAY & Co.,

Alexandra Building

Telephone Central 637.

RADIO

SETS & ACCESSORIES
OF

LATEST PRODUCTIONS

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

THE SOOTHING EFFECT OF BEER.

AND THE BENEFITS OF "BACCY"

TEA DRINKING PAVES WAY FOR DRUGS.

CIVILISATION RESPONSIBLE FOR ILLS.

In the Physiological Section of the British Association's Conference at Capetown, Professor W. E. Dixon, in his presidential Address on "Physiology as the Basis of Treatment," said:—

"Civilization has been responsible for many new diseases. Our foodstuffs in great cities are often preserved and important constituents of fresh foods may be lacking. Civilization has brought bad sanitation in houses, and even our windows may be depriving us of fresh air and filtering out certain rays of light, bringing its attendant tuberculosis, for tuberculosis is a disease of houses."

"Threshold of Sensation."

"Civilization" is associated with wealth, indoor life, luxury, and sometimes excessive mental exercise. These are conditions which lead to exaggerated nervous sensibility, and this is a much commoner feature in those engaged in mental indoor life than in those engaged in an outdoor physical life.

It is not difficult then to understand the excessive use of tobacco in some of these people, since one effect of tobacco—and perhaps its most beneficent effect—is to increase the threshold of sensation in those who are supersensitive.

"When this supersensitiveness reaches extreme limits these people are referred to as 'neurotic.' They are so highly reflex, so easily responsive to external impressions, that the associations set loose by any ordinary stimulus cause such a complexity of cerebration that the ordinary affairs of life become a burden; they are not phlegmatic and uninteresting, but are often possessed of quick perception, a rapid response, and other higher attributes of mind which go to make up high breeding and culture."

Higher Faculties.

"They easily weary of the strain and anxiety involved in the fight for existence, and anything that gives relief from the cares and anxieties is seized with avidity."

"Now it is these higher faculties of mind which are most responsive to narcotic poisons, which influence these long before those concerned with movement and ordinary sensation—so that the supersensitive people under the influence of narcotics lose the exaggerated effect of their sensations and become more like normal people; the everyday trifles and inconveniences of life are no longer exaggerated out of proportion to their significance, and life, instead of being oppressive

and anxious, becomes pleasant and free from worry."

"Sometimes the very acuity of their intellect is their undoing. Perhaps in a few special instances persons possessed of such vivid sensation may benefit by a narcotic which limits these conflicting impulses by allowing a freer play of some of the higher mental faculties; certainly the records of De Quincey and Coleridge suggest such a possibility. Hence it is easy to understand the modern tendency in some highly-civilized nations to indulge in narcotic drugs like morphine, heroin, and cocaine."

"Beer, Glorious Beer!"

"It is another curious fact that it is just these supersensitive people who drink the caffeine beverages, like tea and coffee, in excess. Since the Seventeenth Century the use of the caffeine beverages has slowly increased, whilst that of beer and allied drinks has slowly diminished. Beer, from its essential oils and alcohol, is a soothing beverage; it depresses the higher faculties of mind, it does not exaggerate their activity."

"Caffeine, on the other hand, relieves drowsiness and fatigue by direct stimulation of the brain cells; it facilitates sensory impressions and the association of ideas. In large doses the caffeine beverages induce restlessness and nervous excitability, and they may produce disturbed sleep, headache, and confusion."

"Few people, no doubt, take caffeine to this extent, but most of us take from 2 to 3 grains of caffeine daily, and the effect of this continued as a daily ration throughout life is a factor the significance of which is unknown. We do know, however, that caffeine increases sensitiveness to ordinary physical as well as mental sensations."

"England was once a drunken nation, and the larger towns contained such notices as 'Here you may get drunk for a penny, dead drunk with clean straw for twopenny.' Before the Revolution the consumption of beer alone in England and Wales was 90 gallons a head per annum; now it is about a quarter of this."

"With this diminution of beer-drinking is associated a truly enormous increase in tea and coffee drinking. To me it seems not unlikely that this substitution of tea for beer is not wholly unconnected with the tendency of highly-civilized nations to become supersensitive and neurotic, for this is the ground-work upon which drug addiction is built."

LOW WAGES IN GERMANY.

INCOME TAX REVELATIONS.

[United Press.]

Berlin.—Almost half of the German taxpayers (47 per cent.) earn less than \$30 a month, it was revealed by income tax statistics for the year 1928. Newer statistics are not yet available.

It may be assumed, however, that the situation at present is somewhat more favorable since wages went up in the meantime, but the rise in wages was not, at any rate, sufficient to affect statistics substantially.

Statistics also show that only 0.8 per cent. of taxpayers had incomes of more than 50,000 marks (\$12,000) a year.

What Statistics Show.

The figures for the other income groups are: Incomes from \$30 to \$30, 28.7 p.c.; \$30 to \$40, 17.2 p.c.; \$40 to \$50, 11.5 p.c.; \$50 to \$60, 5.6 p.c.; \$60 to \$70, 2.2 p.c.

The German income tax statistics only give figures for income tax groups but do not show the individual tax figures. The Social Democratic party however, which is the largest party in the Reichstag and to a great extent controls German politics, stands for the publication of individual income tax figures.

The Socialists point to the American example in support of their demand. The other parties however have succeeded so far in preventing the "exposure" of the largest taxpayers in Germany.

MOTOR-CAR THEFT BY A GIRL.

BORSTAL FOR A FORMER MAYOR'S DAUGHTER.

Margaret Joan Pinder, aged seventeen, the daughter of a former mayor of Boston, Lincolnshire, was sentenced at Sunderland Quarter Sessions to three years in a Borstal institution on a charge of stealing a car worth £150 from a Sunderland man.

It was stated that since Pinder's father died a Boston man had helped her, but she developed criminal tendencies. She and a man companion stole a car at Boston and (Continued at foot of next column).

PEER'S WIDOW ALLEGES FRAUD.

LORD TERRINGTON AND A CHEQUE.

The problem of a £1,500 cheque game before Mr. Justice Charles in the King's Bench A Division in an action brought by Sir Harold James Reckitt, of Rutland-court, Knightsbridge, against Florence Dowager Lady Nunburnholme, widow of the first Baron Nunburnholme concerning a cheque for that sum paid into her banking account by Lord Terrington, acting as Sir Harold Reckitt's attorney.

The hearing was adjourned. Sir Harold asked for a declaration that he was entitled to recover the £1,500, proceeds of the cheque drawn on his banking account at Messrs. Barclays' branch at Hull in May 1924 in favour of "life assurance or bearer," and he alleged, wrongfully paid by Lord Terrington into the Dowager Lady Nunburnholme's account at the National Bank of South Africa, Ltd., at St. Martin's Lane, London.

Sir Harold said that the cheque was not drawn in connection with his affairs or business. He alleged that the payment was respecting a personal debt of Lord Terrington to the Dowager Lady Nunburnholme. His alternative claims against her were for conversion of the cheque or for the sum as money had and received on his behalf.

The Dowager Lady Nunburnholme denied that she ever received the money on account of any indebtedness of Lord Terrington or at all. She alleged that it was paid into her account for his own purposes without her knowledge, and in pursuance of a fraud on her in order that there might be sufficient funds in her account to meet a cheque for £4,000 which she had drawn in favour of Lord Terrington's firm.

motored to Chester, where she endeavored to sell the car. She was placed on probation for this offence, and provided with work at a farm. She absconded from there after stealing money, and was again placed on probation. The prison doctor at Hull gave her employment, but she remained there only fourteen days, and then absconded with jewellery, an offence which she now asked to be taken into consideration.

BY MAIL, WIRE, AND WIRELESS.

Rhodesia.—The Rhodesian Selection Trust Company is issuing to shareholders 503,475 shares, of 5s. each at 10s. per share.

Montreal.—Letters of allotment for the issue of \$2,140,100 City of Montreal Four-and-a-Half Per Cent. Registered stock have been posted.

London.—Mr. Thomas Taylor, M.C., general manager of the oil department of Steel Brothers & Co., has been appointed a managing director of that company.

Liverpool.—Sir Thomas Aubrey Lawies Brocklebank, a director of Thomas and John Brocklebank, Ltd., Liverpool, has been appointed a director of the Cunard Steamship Co., Ltd.

Montevideo.—The Montevideo branch of the Bank of London and South America is remitting to Glyn, Mills & Co. \$27,018 for the service of the Uruguay Three-and-a-Half Per Cent. Debt.

London.—The directors of Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation have elected the Right Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, C.M.G., M.P., a director of the general board in London.

New York.—Numbers are announced of 1,302 bonds of the United States of Brazil Five Per Cent. Loan of 1908, amounting together to \$298,700, which have been drawn by lot for redemption at par.

New York.—The United States National Research Council has received \$10,000 from the Carnegie Corporation of New York, to be placed at the disposal of the U.S. Bureau of Standards at Washington for an investigation of book papers, printer's ink, etc.

Paris.—M. Paul Souday, the literary critic of the *Temps*, was buried at Pere Lachaise cemetery, Paris, after a service had been held at the Church of Saint Germain-des-Prés. The funeral was attended by a large number of persons distinguished in art and letters.

Hamburg.—The authorities entertained the officers and the crew of the Argentine training ship, President Sarmiento at a banquet given at the Municipality building. The speeches emphasized the cordial relations happily existing between Germany and the Argentine Republic.

Stockholm.—The remains of Mme. Katherine Tingley, who claimed to be the head of the Theosophical movement throughout the world, were taken from the Theosophical Brotherhood's Swedish Rajah Yoga School on the island of Visingsö, in Lake Vattern, to Gothenburg for cremation.

Ramsgate.—After careering down the narrow High Street of Ramsgate a runaway horse attached to a trolley would have jumped the parapet and fallen on to the crowded sands below if George Fassam, a young motor coach driver had not seized the reins. Visitors made a collection on Fassam's behalf.

Lancaster.—A light engine, running tender first, which overran the points, smashed through a stop-block and into a bridge at the Castle Station, Lancaster. Robert Macaulay, the engine-driver, and J. Rostriem, the fireman, both Carnforth, were injured and removed to the Royal Lancaster Infirmary.

Ohio.—Mr. John N. Willis, the motor manufacturer, of Ohio, is engaged in negotiation for the disposal of his extensive holdings in the Willis Overland Company, and is understood to be freeing himself in order to accept a diplomatic appointment. Rumour associates his name with the Ambassadorship to Turkey.

Cromer.—The centenary of the Cromer life-bout station was celebrated when Sir Godfrey Baring, chairman of the committee of management of the Royal National Life-Boat Institution, presented Cromer with a vellum signed by the Prince of Wales, as President of the Institution, in honour of its record in life-saving.

Malabar.—In Cochin and Malabar the floods are subsiding and through rail traffic is being resumed. Many houses have collapsed, telegraph lines were broken, and communications were maintained by special police wireless. Refugee centres are busy but it is expected that the refugees will soon return to their villages.

Rome.—Mr. Williams and Mr. Yancey, the American airmen who flew from Old Orchard, Maine, to Santander, and thence to Rome, have been presented by Signor Mussolini with the "gold medal commemorative of aeronautical feats." The airmen have also received from the Pope a replica in gold of the medal stamped to celebrate his Holiness's jubilee as a priest.

Windsor.—Sentence of three years' penal servitude was passed on George Francis Leves, 33, a clerk, at Windsor Quarter Sessions. He pleaded "Guilty" to two charges of obtaining sums of £5 from clerical men by means of false pretences, and also admitted having obtained money at Oxford, Cambridge, Abingdon, Newark, Weston-super-Mare, Stratford-on-Avon, Liverpool, and Blackheath, and a passenger ticket for America, valued at £118, by means of false pretences.

EX-M.P. ATTACKED IN A LINER.

ASSAULTED BY ANGRY EMIGRANTS.

TAKEN TO BRIDGE FOR SAFETY.

Fremantle.—Riotous scenes occurred on board the P. & O. liner Bendigo following the publication of criticisms by Mr. Collingwood Hughes, former M.P. for Peckham, of Australian immigrants, among whom, he declared, were "degenerates, criminals, loafers, unemployables, and weak-minded children."

A meeting was held by the emigrants on board, who demanded that Mr. Hughes be required to leave the vessel. Later Mr. Hughes, who was seated on a deck chair, was attacked from behind and knocked down.

He was then surrounded by an angry crowd and an ugly scene was developing when police arrived on board.

A delegation of the emigrants requested the captain to order Mr. Hughes to leave the ship. The situation was explained to Mr. Hughes, who insisted on continuing his journey to the Eastern States and refused to retract a single word of his criticisms.

Mr. Bruce, the Commonwealth Premier, has ordered an investigation into the remarks alleged to have been made by Mr. Collingwood Hughes.

Mr. Hughes declared that two passengers shared his views. He was escorted to the bridge for safety.

Captain Wyatt, commanding the Bendigo, said in an interview that the passengers were orderly, clean and well behaved, quite equal to the standard of the average immigrant. The Bendigo has resumed its voyage.

Mr. Collingwood Hughes has written largely on Empire migration (Continued on next column.)

SCENE IN DARTMOOR PRISON.

ALLEGED RAZOR ATTACK BY A CONVICT.

A safety-razor blade, ingeniously fitted into a wooden handle, was produced at Tavistock Police Court when William Davis, a Dartmoor Prison convict, was accused of wounding another convict, Robert Evans, at the prison.

A prison official said that Davis started fighting with Evans as the two men were working, and he separated them.

Evans said that on the day after the fight he came out of a chapel service to a hall-parade, when he felt some one's arm round his neck, and something drawn down his face. He could not see what it was. He was taken to hospital.

Officer's Evidence.

Principal Officer Williams said that Davis put his arm round Evans' neck and slashed him across the forehead and both cheeks. He closed with Davis, disarmed him, and removed him to a separate cell.

Dr. B. G. Berry, deputy prison medical officer, described Evans' facial injuries, stating that in one cut, from the ear to the lower jaw, he had to put seven stitches. Two of the cuts were close to important arteries—one only an inch away, and he was surprised that the arteries had not been touched.

Davis reserved his defence and said that he wished to call two fellow-convicts as witnesses.

Captain G. F. Clayton, the prison governor, stated that, faced with the Secretary of State. Documentary evidence could be taken. Davis was committed for trial at the assizes.

and settlement questions. He lived for some years in South Africa, where he was political secretary to Sir Abe Bailey.

He was Conservative M.P. for Peckham 1925-24, and seconded the Address in 1923. He was a member of the Select Committee on the Betting Tax.



Malarial Debility

Sanatogen is necessary to repair the ravages of the malaria parasite. It is the tonic-food which creates new fresh blood-cells—it builds you up and gives renewed strength and energy.

Scientific research has proved the power of Sanatogen to increase red-blood corpuscles in an amazingly short time. The "Medical Echo" has reported a 60% increase within 3 weeks.

Banish your debility—get fresh blood and new strength by taking

SANATOGEN
The True Tonic-Food

GENUINE GRAETZER BEER.

Graetzer Beer which has enjoyed for more than 400 years a favourable reputation, is brewed from the best German wheat malt and the finest hops, without any further mixture. It will keep good indefinitely in all climates, remaining always clear as crystal and bright as gold, without pasteurising. On account of its large percentage of genuine and health giving carbonic acid, it has a refreshing and thirst quenching effect and stimulates the appetite.

Graetzer Beer is strongly recommended and frequently prescribed by physicians for convalescents, sufferers from stomach complaints and even diabetics. Its excellent qualities combined with extraordinary stability make it a

First Class Export Beer.

It is a speciality in Beer and therefore particularly adapted for shipment to the Tropics.

SOLE IMPORTERS:

T. E. GRIFFITH, LTD.

6, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. C. 3517.

HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

"Wednesday has assumed new importance as a day," said the sergeant-major. "Yes, it separates our week-ends."

He: "Would you like a small diamond or a large rhinestone?" She: "Yes, I'd love them, George."

Teacher: "Light travels far faster than sound." Willie: "Not at some of the talkies, Teacher."

"The speaker seems to weigh every word before he speaks," said the speaker. "But you could never accuse him of giving short weight."

"That scene where the leading lady becomes repentant and weeps could stand cutting; it's too long," said the producer. "Yes—too much slow motion."

Counsel: "Don't giggle at everything I say. Don't you know what a court of law is for?" Witness: "Yes, it's a place where they dispense with justice."

"Why haven't you creased your trousers?" said the sergeant-major. "I put them under my mattress, but I'm such a light sleeper."

"Mummy, which frock shall I wear for the party?" "I don't know, dear. I must see which is the cleanest."

"Will you find out now, Mummy, cos I want to know whether to wash for a square neck or a round one."

Magistrate (severely): "The idea of a man your size beating a weak little woman like that?" Prisoner: "But, your worship, she keeps irritating me all the time."

Magistrate: "How does she irritate you?" Prisoner: "Why, she keeps saying, 'Hit me! Beat me! Lay your hands on me once, and I'll have you up before that bald-headed old reprobate of a magistrate and see what he'll do to you.'"

The accused was discharged.

"I wonder," mused the shrewd milkman, as he added a fourteenth bottle to the thirteen already on the porch, "whether it is possible these people can be out of town?"

The poet and the art critic were sitting gazing into the fire. "Do you ever see pictures in the fire?" asked the poet. "No," replied the critic. "But I see many that should be there."

The election candidate was making a long and boastful speech, for modesty was not his chief virtue. "I always throw myself into anything I undertake," he declared. "Then why not dig a well?" came a voice from the back of the hall.

A man was charged with kissing a girl against her will, and during the proceedings the girl went into the box.

"You say," said counsel for the defence, "that my client took you by surprise, and that you gave him no encouragement?" "I do," replied the girl.

"Doesn't it strike you as strange that he should have managed to kiss you as you were unwilling?" added counsel. "Look at my client, and then consider your own height. Why, you must be nearly a foot taller than he is."

"Well, what of it?" retorted the girl. "I can stoop, can't I?"

He was a cautious young man and a firm believer in eugenics, but when he met the doctor's lovely daughter he fell in love with her, and finally threw discretion to the winds and asked her to marry him.

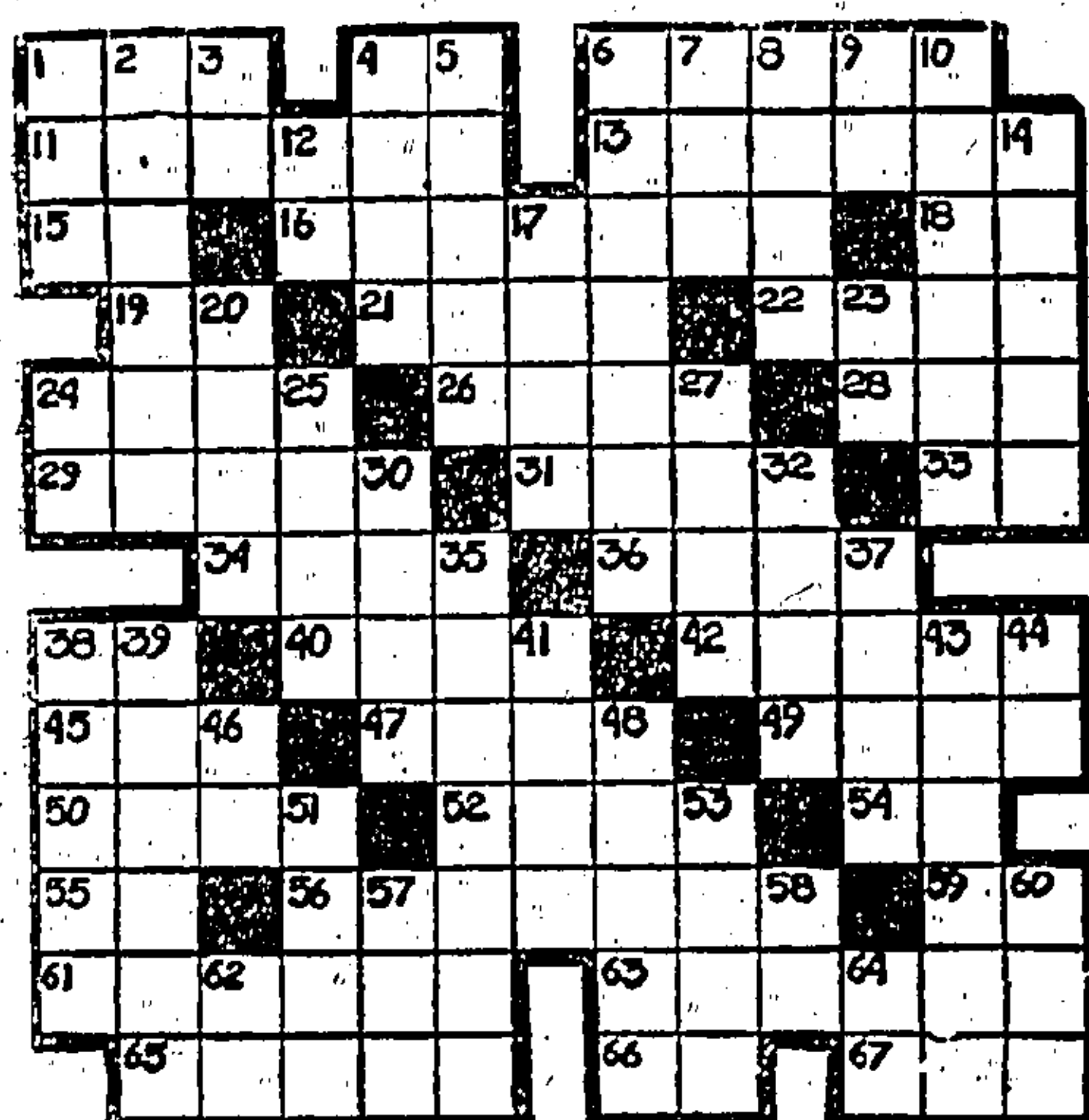
She accepted him and he was in the seventh heaven all the evening.

Next morning, however, his natural caution returned, and he called upon her father.

"Oh, doctor," he said, "your daughter has promised to marry me. I—I wanted to know—that is to say I came to ask if there is any—er—insanity in your family."

The doctor looked at him gravely over his glasses. "There must be," he said.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Horizontal.

- 1.—Afternoon party.
- 2.—Therefore.
- 3.—Twigs.
- 4.—A nut.
- 5.—Ached.
- 6.—To leave.
- 7.—Most mournful.
- 8.—Negative.
- 9.—Italian river.
- 10.—Petition.
- 11.—Organs of head.
- 12.—Ray.
- 13.—Measure of length.
- 14.—Before.
- 15.—Attempt.
- 16.—To precede.
- 17.—White.
- 18.—Snare.
- 19.—Piece for two.
- 20.—Exits.
- 21.—Colloquial: to slap.
- 22.—Crude broom.
- 23.—Corded cloth.
- 24.—To boil slowly.
- 25.—To defy.
- 26.—Part of eye.
- 27.—Sailors.
- 28.—Symbol for radium.
- 29.—Symbol for silicon.
- 30.—A recluse.
- 31.—Part of infinitive.
- 32.—Tying rope.
- 33.—Considerate.
- 34.—Burdens.
- 35.—Type measure.
- 36.—Poem.

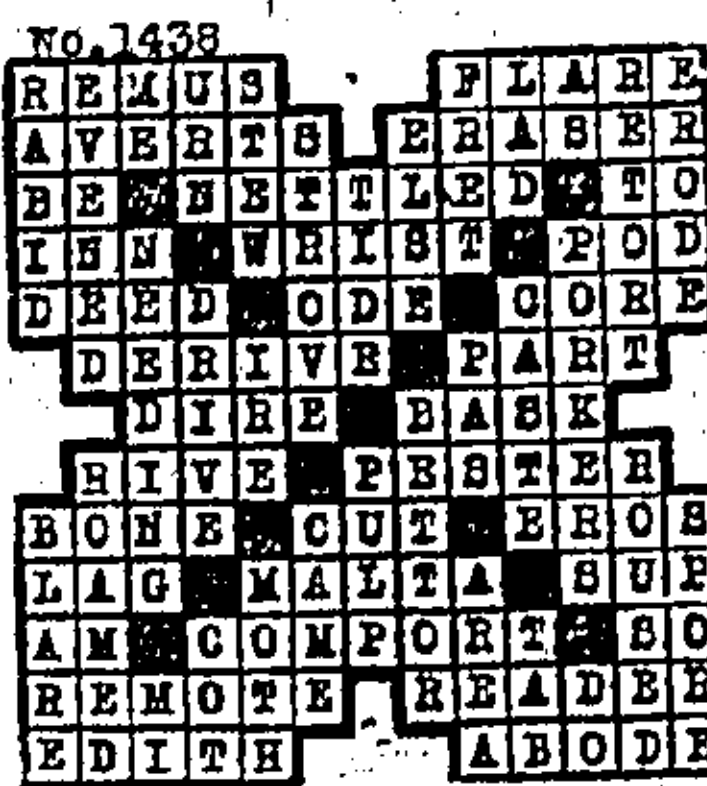
Vertical.

- 1.—Attachment.
- 2.—Runs away.
- 3.—Part of "to be."
- 4.—Crisp cookie.
- 5.—Surprisingly.
- 6.—Harpooned.
- 7.—Dance step.
- 8.—Ceremony.
- 9.—Enclosed.
- 10.—In biology: group.
- 11.—Bone.
- 12.—Gives medicine.

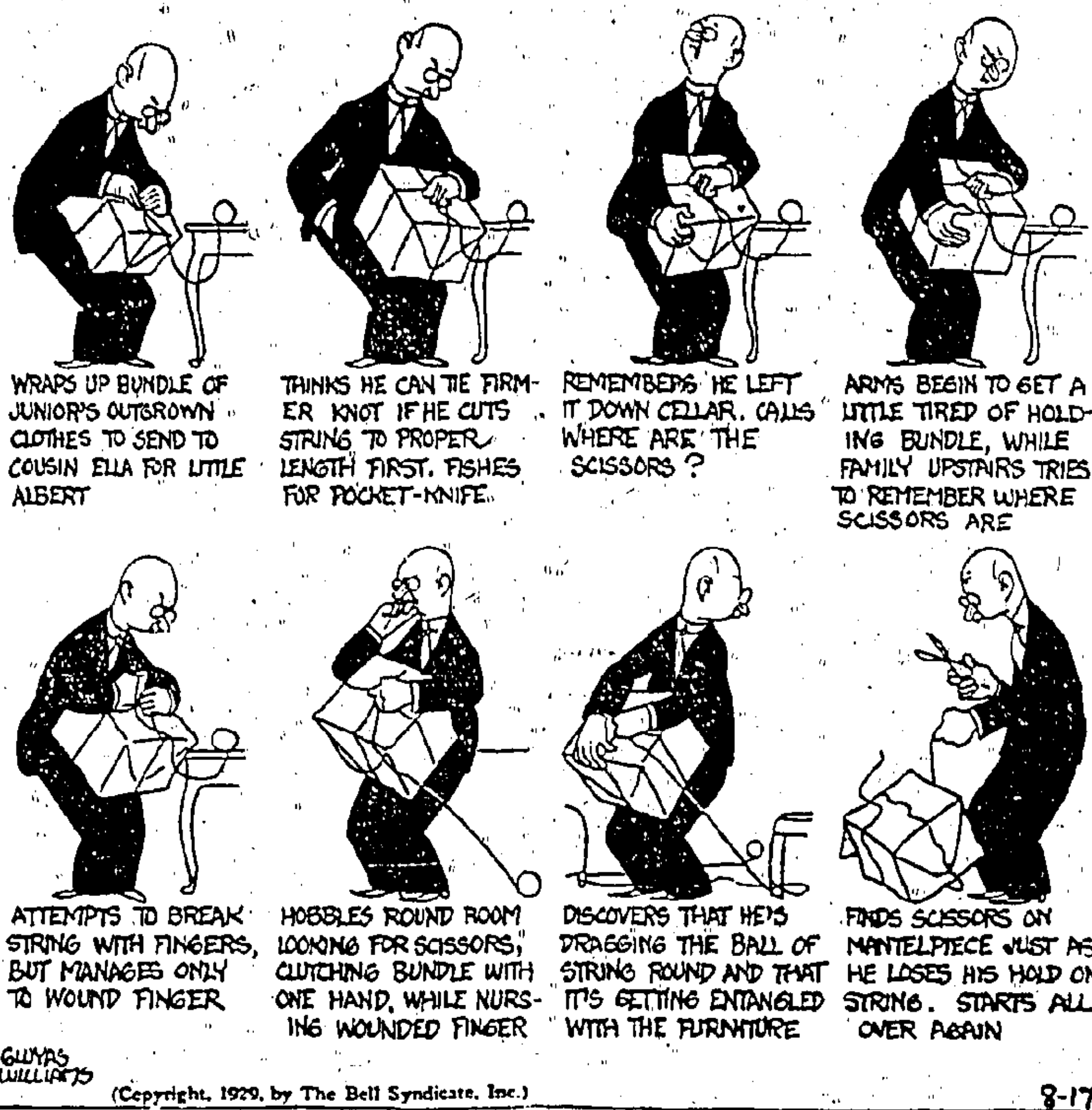
- 17.—To serve.
- 18.—Kiln.
- 19.—Pronoun.
- 20.—To exist.
- 21.—Roman war god.
- 22.—To smear.
- 23.—Steers wildly.
- 24.—Land transfer document.
- 25.—Moves with quick light steps.
- 26.—Former Russian ruler.
- 27.—Pertaining to a European country.
- 28.—Continued story.
- 29.—Pair of horses.
- 30.—Spoke in public.
- 31.—Pronoun.
- 32.—Jumbled type.
- 33.—To pen.
- 34.—A stiff hair.
- 35.—Stalk.
- 36.—A colour.
- 37.—Half an em.
- 38.—Mineral.
- 39.—Behold!
- 40.—To act.

This puzzle took 23 minutes to solve. See how long it will take you to solve it.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.



SNAPSHOTS OF A MAN LOOKING FOR THE SCISSORS By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



(Copyright, 1929, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

PASCOE WINS THE SOUTHERN MILE.

E. W. Pascoe (Plaistow United) won the Southern Counties mile swimming championship for the fourth consecutive time at Gosport Baths, when he easily beat E. H. Hammer (Waddon, Croydon), C. Rogers (Gosport), and M. J. Haill (Metropolitan Police).

Pascoe, swimming easily, was not seriously challenged at any part of the distance, and won by 120 yards in 24mins. 30.3secs. His time is a record for the event, the previous best being 24mins. 42secs. by H. E. Annison in 1926. Hammer's time was 25mins. 33.4secs., and Rogers returned 26mins.

SCHOOLGIRLS' TEST.

Miss A. McOstrich (Queen's College) reached the final round of the open singles in the schoolgirls' tournament at Queen's Club by a 6-1, 6-1 victory over Miss M. Lumb (St. Bernard's). She will meet the winner of the other semi-final between Miss K. E. Robertson (St. Monica's) and Miss O. Garriah (Malvern). Miss P. C. Brazier (County High School, Worthing), who represented Sussex this year in the women's inter-county championship, and Miss J. Marquis (Sandwich) will contest the final of the under sixteen singles.

'VARSITIES' DEFEAT.

The International L.T.C. of Great Britain beat Oxford and Cambridge (Past and Present) at Eastbourne by 8 matches to 5.

NEXT YEAR'S CHAMPIONSHIP DATES.

At a meeting of the Council of the Amateur Boxing Association the dates of several coming championships and other fixtures were approved. These were the N.E. London Divisional Championships to be held on March 19, and the N.W. Division a day later; the Imperial Services B.A. Amateur Championships on March 27, and matches between that body and the Police and Denmark on November 6 and December 12 respectively; the Army Individual Championships on March 6, and the Territorial Army Championships on March 12 and 13. The annual general meeting of the A.B.A. will be held on Saturday, September 28, probably at the Stadium Club.

The Finance Committee considered the question of payment of competitors' travelling expenses for the champions, and it was recommended to the Council that travelling and hotel expenses should be paid for those who actually competed from the Midlands, Northern, and Welsh Associations, together with expenses for a trainer and a manager for each team.

KID BERG'S VICTORY.

Kid Berg, the English light-weight, won the decision in a ten-round bout with Mushy Callahan at Ebbetts Field. Callahan is recognised in America as the world's junior welter-weight champion. Al Singer, the New York light-weight, won a technical knock-out over Andre Routis at the same meeting.

LONDON SCOTS DEFEAT CIVIL SERVICE.

The annual bowls match between the London Scottish and Civil Service Bowls Association, was played at Chiswick, and again won by the Scots, who scored 122 to 110. The score at five ends was 26 all, but at ten, the Scots led 58-52, and at fifteen, by 92-71.

Other results are:—

London Parks B.A. Championship.—W. Barlow (North Green-wich) 21, W. Matthews (Camberwell Green Brotherhood) 17; F. Knowles (Springfield, Clapton) 21, W. E. Dicker (Crown) 18; C. Barlin (All Saints) 21, T. J. Duffield (Victoria Park) 17; L. Machin (Pittshanger) 21, H. Cornwell (Durants) 18.

SURREY CHAMPIONS HAVE A BAD TIME.

Balham, holders of the pairs, triples, and singles championships, Surrey rink championships, have been beaten in the current competitions, the Balham triples, being the last to go, at the hands of a trip of club mates, skipped by B. Johnson, who won 15-13.

THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

METAL AS A DECORATIVE MEDIUM.



There is nothing fragile nor indecisive about the current jewellery fashions, planned as they are by craftsmen with a keen eye for colour and line.

In an emerald brooch, for example, that is shown in an exhibition now being held in Paris, the designer has used a single flat piece of polished platinum, long and narrow, and has cut it into strips as a child would make a fringe with scissors and paper.

At the end of each of the four strips hangs an emerald—and the brooch is complete. This is far, perhaps, from the average conception of what a jewelled brooch ought to look like, yet it is more representative of what the important jewellery designers are doing to-day than any arrangement of elaborately cut stones.

There is a growing tendency to use metal, especially platinum, as a decorative medium in itself, rather than just as a setting for gems.

(Continued on next column.)

THE HOMEWORK HOUR.

SHOULD PARENTS HELP?

Some mothers consider that children should not be helped with their homework—that it only encourages them to be lazy. The child is not necessarily lazy or dull because it cannot grasp at once an explanation given to it.

(Continued on next column.)

In many of the newer ornaments, squares and triangles of platinum, either polished or dull, serve to bring into sharp contrast the jagged surfaces presented by clusters of jewels.

Thus, a square brooch or link of a bracelet will be made up of geometric forms composed alternately of metal or solid masses of cut jewels. A score of small diamonds crowded into a solid rectangle, and placed next to a plain square of polished platinum, is more effective than the gems would be if used in a scattered arrangement.

One of the smartest evening outfits seen in Paris this season owed its originality to a tiny chiffon collar that was fastened at the back of the neck with a pair of jewelled studs linked together, the studs being shaped like a triangle blunted at the points.

The first triangle showed a central spot of emeralds on a white diamond background, the second white diamonds set in yellow.

The chiffon collar was entirely independent, and with its gay brooch formed an unusual but very quaint and attractive jewelled necklace.

class in school, and there are many occasions when a little timely help from the mother will make an apparently difficult problem quite easy.

The exact meaning of a question, perhaps, is not at first quite apparent; a word or two from mother will make it clear.

A sum cannot be started because the principle involved is not understood; reference to a text-book or the child's class work will provide the answer, the actual working being done by the child himself. If necessary, a similar example can be worked out first.

Helping themselves.

The child should be encouraged to look in dictionary or text-book and find for himself the meaning of a foreign word, the meaning of the principle involved is not understood; reference to a text-book or the child's class work will provide the answer, the actual working being done by the child himself. If necessary, a similar example can be worked out first.

The whole object, in fact, should be to encourage the child to act and think for himself as much as possible. By this means he ex-presses his own individuality in his work and gains confidence in himself and in his ability to tackle the problems set.

A little tact and patience on the part of the mother are required, but the result is a deeper and fuller understanding of the child's character and the knowledge that the homework hour may be made one of pleasure instead of drudgery.

WHILE THE CITY SLEEPS

WITH

LON CHANEY



You have seen Chaney as a crook. Now you see him as an arch-foe of crooks in one of his most exciting performances.

AT THE QUEEN'S TO-DAY TO SATURDAY At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.



A love drama that will lift you up the heights of romance and leave you between laughter and tears.

AT THE STAR TO-DAY TO SATURDAY At 5.30 & 9.20.

GORILLA MAN.

KILLED THIRTEEN "WIVES."

CHEATED GALLOWES FOR TWENTY YEARS.

Vienna.—The Hungarian "Bluebeard," Bela Kiss, who murdered thirteen "wives" before the war and outwitted the police of Europe for twenty years, has been identified in the Rumanian prison of Arad, where he is serving a life sentence for another's crimes in order to escape the gallows for his own.

The story of this arch-swindler's terrible career recalls the adventures of Landru, the French woman murderer, whom Kiss resembles in appearance and in his method of disposing of his victims' bodies.

Fantastic Tale.

The fantastic tale begins more than twenty years ago in the Hungarian village of Elnokta, near Budapest, where the dwarfed, bearded, gorilla-like man excited the interest and envy of his neighbors by his astonishing success with women.

Every month a fresh face would be seen at the window of the little villa where Kiss lived and loved, but when asked how he managed to change his sweethearts so rapidly, Kiss would hint darkly that "women are difficult to get on with and get rid of," and mutter, "the Madonnas of the village have all gone to the same place."

Nothing was suspected until Kiss sold his house and disappeared. A year later the new owner of the house, who had decided to rebuild it, discovered in the foundations, deep down in the earth, thirteen iron chests securely locked.

Robber's Papers.

Police men who investigated the mysterious find fainting with horror when they opened the chests and beheld the contents—the bodies of thirteen brutally murdered young women.

A cry for "justice" rang through Europe, and police were everywhere on the watch. But the chase dropped when it was falsely reported that Kiss had died in Africa from malaria while serving with the French Foreign Legion under an assumed name.

Now it has been proved by identification parades, handwriting tests, and tattoo marks, that the inmate of the Rumanian prison of Arad stole the identity papers of a notorious robber chieftain, named Franz Wimmer, and is serving another's life sentence to escape the consequences of his own crimes.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

HUSBAND'S DREAD.

"NOT REALLY GOOD ENOUGH" FOR HIS WIFE.

"They are the most remarkable letters I ever read," said the coroner, at a Southend inquest referring to letters left by Berran Parkins, aged twenty-six, a grocer, of High-street, Shoeburyness, who hanged himself. A verdict of "Suicide during temporary insanity" was returned.

It was stated that Parkins was married last Easter.

He wrote to the coroner: "No man on earth could have a more loving and faithful wife," and he stated in a letter to his wife:—

Better this than that you should be tied to a maniac for years, and that is what I should become if I lived. I have a kink in my mind, and now something has snapped. It is my earnest wish that you should not go in to mourning for me. I have known all along that I was not really good enough for you, and did not deserve the loving care and devotion you have always given me.

A letter had been addressed to Parkins' mother entreating her to look after his wife.

PLEA OF A LOYAL HUSBAND.

WIFE'S ARREST AFTER A SEPARATION.

"She has been parted from her husband, but he has come back to see her through this trouble," said a detective at Middlesex Sessions, when Mrs. Alice Evans, aged twenty-four, was found guilty of receiving stolen goods, the proceeds of thefts by motor thieves at Golders Green and Winchmore Hill.

It was stated that Mrs. Evans was the mother of three children. The husband said that he was living with his wife again, and he pleaded with the chairman to accept him as surety for her future conduct.

"For the sake of the kiddies," he cried.

Previous convictions were recorded against Mrs. Evans, who asked for another chance to be taken into consideration.

Sir Montagu Sharpe, K.C., with the remark that motor bandit offences were becoming far too common, passed sentence of twelve months' imprisonment in the second division.

Mrs. Evans was removed weeping hysterically.

He succeeded in escaping from his cell, but was recaptured. Then he attempted suicide by cutting an artery with chains, and is now in the prison hospital, closely guarded.

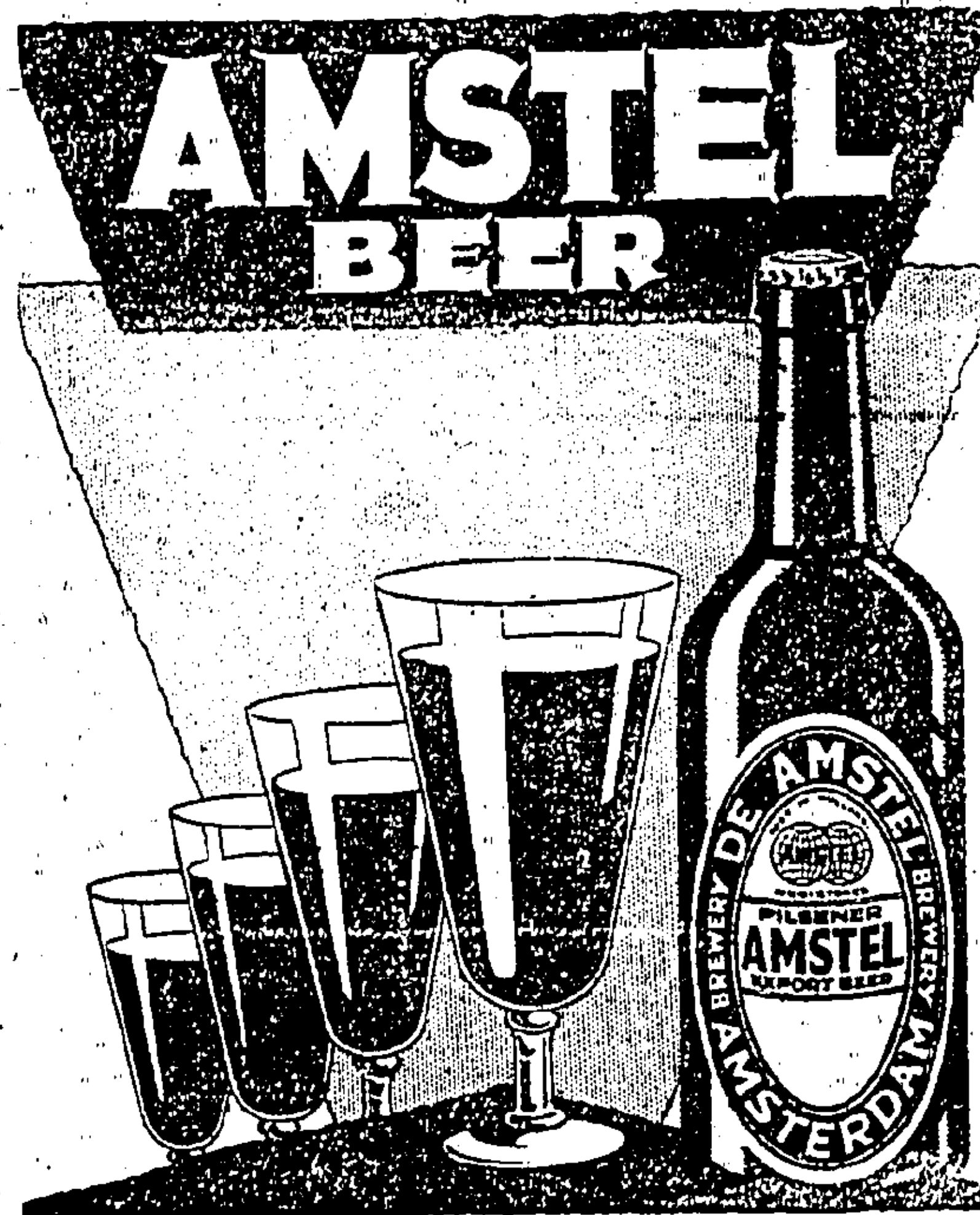
Quite naturally,
the man who knows that
appearance *does* count selects a
Henry Heath Hat
with the certainty that by so
doing he secures advantage of style,
quality and durability.



The "SNAP" (Regd.)

Finest fur felt, adaptable to any shape of brim,
suitable for sports and ordinary wear. Useful
shades of greys, browns and buffs.

Mackintosh
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS & Co. Ltd.
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD.



AGENTS—
H. RUTTONJEE & SON,
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



This might be your Car and with you in it!
Insure against Accidents
with

THE GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORP., LTD.
For information apply
Agents:
J. H. BACKHOUSE, LTD.
TEL. No. 1788. 1A, CHATER ROAD.

ALLEGED COLD-BLOODED MURDER.

STRANGE VILLAGE CUSTOMS REVEALED IN
EXTRADITION PROCEEDINGS.

HOW ANCESTRAL FUNDS ARE KEPT.

Interesting evidence with regard to the management of funds in certain Chinese villages was heard at the Central Magistracy yesterday when extradition proceedings were taken before Mr. E. W. Hamilton against a Chinese named Lam Tong, who is wanted by the Chinese authorities on a charge of murder.

Mr. L. R. Andrews, Assistant Crown Solicitor, prosecuted, and the fugitive was represented by Mr. J. M. d'Almada Remedios.

ATTACK ON RENT COLLECTORS.

Outlining the details of the alleged murder, Mr. Andrews stated that the deceased was shot on May 28 this year in Cheung Kam Village, Shun Tak District. On that day, the murdered man, Lam Chan had been collecting rent with another man, who was also murdered. While on their way back they were joined by Lam Chan's sister who had gone to meet them. As they were proceeding home, the defendant and another man rushed out of a lane and ran away after stealing a quantity of money which Lam Chan was carrying. Lam Chan's sister also ran away but returned later to find that her brother was dead. Mr. Andrews stated that the defendant was arrested in Hong Kong on August 12.

Evidence was given by a Chinese constable who stated that on August 12 at 9.30 p.m. an informer pointed out the defendant to him in Reclamation Street. Witness took defendant into custody and brought him to the Central Police Station.

Mr. Remedios (cross-examining): You arrested him outside the Tai Sam Yuen restaurant?—Yes, a few doors away.

Was he alone or was he in company with others?—I can't say. There were other pedestrians quite close to him.

Ancestral Accounts of Lam Chan. A Chinese woman, the sister of the deceased Lam Chan then went into the witness box. She stated that she came to Hong Kong because she learned that the fugitive was here.

Relating the happenings of May 28, witness said that her brother was, in charge of the ancestral accounts of the Lam clan. The murder took place near the Sze Fong ancestral tablet in the village of Lam Ka (Lam Family). Her brother was at the time on his way home from the temple of the Lam family.

Mr. Hamilton: I suppose that is also the office. Whoever runs the accounts uses the temple.

Mr. Andrews: I am sure I don't know.

Mr. Hamilton: I think that is usual.

Continuing, the witness said that she was walking with her brother when the attack took place. Her brother had at the time, a parcel of twenty-cent pieces which he was taking from the temple to his own home. He had \$200 worth of coins these, being ancestral funds.

The fugitive and another man appeared in the street from the opposite direction, both produced short firearms and the fugitive said, "shoot him." The other man snatched at the parcel containing the money and it was the fugitive that shot Lam Chan. Witness added that she later established that her brother had received six bullet wounds and the man who snatched the money also used his gun.

A man who was passing at the time was also shot and died later.

The incident took place at about 6 p.m. on May 28. The next morning, she heard that the criminals were no longer in the place when she was going to the Sze Fong tablet. Her brother's body had been taken there but the other man, who was shot, had been removed before her arrival.

Witness added that she had known fugitive for over twenty years.

Mr. Hamilton: Was your brother armed?—No.

Were you armed?—No.

Why were you taking this \$200 to your house?—The money was to be kept in my brother's house as he was in charge of the ancestral funds.

Was there any money left in the temple?—No.

Did anyone beside yourself and your brother know of your intention to transfer this money from the temple to your house?—Yes.

Who knew?—Lam Kiu and Lam Kau Tong.

Did the fugitive know?—He must have known since he belongs to the same village.

Had there been any quarrel between the Lams about the disposal of this money or its transference to your brother's house?—No.

Had your brother ever quarrelled with the fugitive before?—No.

They were friendly?—Yes.

And you say that these men, who were on quite friendly terms with your brother, suddenly came along, pulled out weapons, took the money, shot your brother and then went off?—Yes.

You suggest no motive but robbery?—Yes.

The Lam Kong Yuen Tong.

Mr. Remedios (cross-examining): Tell us something more about Lam Kong Yuen Tong. You are a member of the Tong?—Yes, I am a member.

Your brother is also a member of the Tong?—Yes.

Do you know Lam Kau Tong?—Yes.

Mr. Hamilton: He was the man who, she says, knew of the transference of the money.

Mr. Remedios (to witness): Lam Kau Tong is one of the leaders of the Lam Kong Yuen Tong?—No.

Is he an elder of the village?—No.

Is he a member of the gentry?—No.

Is he a member of the Lam Kong Yuen Tong?—Yes.

The income of the Lam Kong Yuen Tong is about \$20,000 a year?—Yes.

Was there any trouble about seven years ago regarding the Lam Kong Yuen Tong?—No.

I put it to you that seven years ago there was great trouble over the Lam Kong Yuen Tong?—No. There was no trouble whatever.

I put it to you that the members of the Lam Kong Yuen Tong then divided into two camps?—There is not true.

I put it to you that the man who caused the whole trouble was Lam Kau Tong?—That is not true.

I put it to you that he collected the money for the Tong for one year and did not account for it?—No.

And that a battle royal ensued between the two camps, as a result of which your side (Lam Kau Tong's side) lost four members and the defendant's party lost three?—That is not true. We have no enemies.

Mr. Hamilton (to Mr. Remedios): Are you pleading vendetta by any chance?

A Gambling Fracas?

Mr. Remedios: No, Your Worship. I say we were not there on that occasion.

Mr. Remedios (to witness): I put it to you that your brother was shot in a *fantan* shop?—There is no gambling in our village.

Do you know Shun Hing Lung firm?—Yes.

That is a *fantan* shop, is it not?—No, they are grocers.

Did they carry on a *fantan* business at any time?—No.

Is your brother in the habit of carrying \$200 in coins under his arm?—Yes.

How was it parcelled?—It was wrapped in a newspaper.

That is rather unusual?

Mr. Hamilton: A newspaper will wrap up anything including the proceedings in Court. (Laughter.)

Mr. Remedios (to witness): Were you aware that Lam Kau Tong had dinner with the fugitive on the night of the arrest?—I was not.

Were you aware that he had been asked to go there to arrange a settlement with regard to the trouble of several years ago?—I was not.

Do you know that your party appointed Lam Kau Tong to represent you in the settlement and that the fugitive was appointed to represent the opposite party?—No. There have never been two cliques.

The hearing was adjourned.

THE DUTIES OF LANDLORDS.

MAGISTRATE'S STATEMENT

WHERE RESPONSIBILITY BEGINS AND ENDS.

Mr. T. M. Hazlerigg, the Second Magistrate at the Central Magistracy, has made the following statement regard to the responsibility of landlords in the matter of letting basements either for workshops or for human habitation.

The statement was as follows:—
No General Right of Entry.

"My attention was called to an article in the *Hong Kong Telegraph*, which appeared likely to give rise to some misunderstanding as to a landlord's liability for letting basements for use as workshops or for human habitation or for allowing their use for those purposes. The article appeared to indicate that I held the view that a landlord could not be convicted on a summons for an offence under the section. Any ruling to that effect would, in my opinion, be entirely contrary to the purport of the Ordinance. Each case must, however, be judged on its own merits, on the facts as proved.

"What actually happened at the hearing of an earlier case was that I expressed disagreement with the views held by Inspector Foster that it was the landlord's duty to visit and inspect his premises and ascertain from time to time the use to which they were put. I took the objection that once the landlord has let his premises, and for the duration of the tenancy for which he has let them, he has no general right at all times to enter and inspect his premises. He frequently reserves by his agreement a right to enter at times in order that he may see the state of repairs, but it is unusual to reserve a right of entry for the purpose of other inspections.

"I also expressed the view that once the landlord had let the premises he had, for the duration of the tenancy, put it out of his own power to control the manner in which the premises were used.

Following on this, I discussed the interpretation of the words 'suffer and permit' and expressed the view that the words connoted a power to hinder or prevent the objectionable act, and I furthermore pointed out that, in my opinion, it would be necessary to prove as a fact that the landlord had knowledge of the wrongful use.

When Conviction is Possible.

"From this it was apparently thought that I held the view that the landlord could never be convicted under the section. He undoubtedly can. He might, for instance, expressly let for a specific purpose which the law proscribes: he might by the express terms of his agreement let a basement for use as a workshop. He is, however, more likely to let in such circumstances that the law will infer that he let for use for the specific purpose which is prohibited. Perhaps the best instance would be where a landlord let the premises floor by floor and knowing that the basement had been occupied for purposes of habitation by a succession of tenants, re-let without taking any precaution against continued user in that manner.

"There was just such a case before me and it was further proved that the tenant was a woman who, when she came to take possession, must have been seen by the agent to have with her those household impedimenta which clearly indicated an intent to use the basement for habitation. In such a case I should have no hesitation in convicting.

The Landlord "Can Transgress."

"I do not think that the landlord is ordinarily obliged to impose restrictions when letting his premises, for he is entitled to assume that his tenant will not break the law; but, on the other hand, if it is brought to the landlord's knowledge that his premises are being used in a manner prohibited by the section, and if, after he has acquired that knowledge, he has the power to determine the tenancy but fails to do so, then I think he has suffered or permitted the continued wrongful use of the premises and can be convicted.

"I do not want it to be thought that I made any ruling that a landlord cannot transgress against the provisions of Section 46 of the Ordinance. He can, and frequently does, do so."

"WELL
HERE'S LOOKING!
THIS MCKINSH CERTAINLY
IS THE BEST WHISKY
SCOTLAND HAS
GIVEN US!"



Note the
different
flavour of
McNISH—
it signifies
BETTER
QUALITY

McNISH'S
SPECIAL
SCOTCH WHISKY

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Sole Agents for Hong Kong and South China.

CORRESPONDENCE.

AN APPEAL TO CAR-OWNERS.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—In connection with the appeal for the V.D.M.A. (St. Peter's Group) Annual Picnic for the Blind, which you so kindly published the other day, I wish to say that I have already received the sum of \$45 in donations, and the offer of six cars. Such a generous response is most gratifying, but as there are at least 50 blind girls to be transported to Shek O, we still need more cars. After the picnic has been held I will send you a detailed acknowledgment of donations and offers of cars. Trusting you will find space to publish this letter, and thanking you for your co-operation, in this appeal,—Yours, etc.,

N. V. HALWARD.
Bishop's House,
St. Paul's College,
Hong Kong.

STAFF BONUSES.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—With reference to Mr. Man-oh's letter under the heading of "Staff Bonuses," might I ask if any of your readers would be kind enough to state what is the usual period that employees of a European Company have to wait before receiving any bonus that may be awarded to them at an annual general meeting? I have always been under the impression that this should be paid at the same time as dividends, but perhaps I am wrong.—Yours, etc.,

INTERESTED.

Hong Kong, Sept. 11.

TUNG WAH EASTERN HOSPITAL APPEAL.

CONTRIBUTIONS ACKNOWLEDGED.

The Tung Wah Hospital begs gratefully to acknowledge the following further contributions:—
Messrs. British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd. \$ 500
Messrs. Douglas, Lapraik & Co., 200
(Continued on next column.)

DIOCESAN BOYS' SCHOOL AND ORPHANAGE.

DIAMOND JUBILEE ENDOWMENT FUND.

In connection with the sixtieth birthday appeal and commemorations the following donations have been received:—

Fourth List:—	
Mr. Henry Humphreys...	25.00
Mr. A. K. Grondahl...	5.00
Mrs. M. E. Grondahl...	5.00
Mr. C. E. H. Beavis...	25.00
Dr. W. B. A. Moore...	25.00
Miss E. Hayward...	10.00
Mr. P. W. Parker...	10.00
Mr. W. C. Felschaw...	25.00
Mr. S. R. Jones...	5.00
Dr. D. J. Valentine...	25.00
Mrs. Ellis...	5.00
Mr. Cheung U Pui...	5.00
Mr. M. K. Lo...	25.00
Rev. C. I. Blanchett...	10.10
Interest at 2 per cent...	4.00
Mr. Chow Lai Choi...	10.00
A.B.C.	10.00
Mr. Lam Woo...	5.00
Mr. Chiu Wah Moon...	15.00
Mr. Tjin Ching Kong...	1.00
Lau...	10.00
Mr. J. H. Chung...	10.00
X.Y.Z.	2.00
A Friend...	5.00
Mr. W. P. Keswick (tels 100)	120.48
Mr. H. J. Howard...	10.00
Mr. W. J. Howard...	10.00
Mr. R. C. Chance	(£11.10) 10.47
Mr. F. A. Carr...	(£5) 49.87
Mr. G. Piercy	100.00
Mr. Lim Sui Kung (Formosa)	300.00
\$ 877.92	

Previously acknowledged:
First list 19,990.00
Second list 1,520.00
Third list 1,358.00

Total \$16,875.92

Of this amount \$3,250 are for buildings and the balance \$13,155.92 for the endowment fund.

Messrs. Imperial Chemical Industries (China), Ltd.	100
Messrs. Percy & Smith, Seth & Fleming	50
Further donations from Chinese subscribers, which are being acknowledged in the Chinese Press	17,150
Amount previously acknowledged	\$18,000.00
	430,324.81
	\$448,324.81

REDS BEING BEATEN.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS' SUCCESS.

ON NORTH RIVER AND IN FUKIEN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, (Sept. 11.) Reports have been received from the North River districts to the effect that the troops under Colonel Yu Han Mow which were rushed up to the scene of the fighting with the Communists have secured considerable success. The three or four thousand desperadoes who had massed in the vicinity of Tsing Yuen city with the idea of pushing south have been driven back into the mountains with heavy losses. Over forty men among Government troops were killed, but the casualties inflicted upon the Reds were far heavier. For the time being no more trouble of this sort is expected in the North River districts.

From southern Fukien comes the report that the combined Kwangtung-Fukien armies are also meeting with success in their campaign against the Communists under Chu Tak and Mo Chak Tung. Wu Lung and Chang Ning, two important cities in southern Fukien, have been recaptured and the Government troops are now advancing toward Tai Tin and Tak Fa, where their adversaries are said to be preparing a stand.

PREPARATIONS FOR MR. SUN FO.

Canton has received word that Mr. Sun Fo, Minister of Communication of the Central Government, will be in Canton by the end of this week. The message states that the Minister is probably leaving Shanghai on the 14th of this month. Coming with him will be Mr. Wu Teh Cheng, a senior Nanking official, Mr. Tang Yin Wa, Commissioner of Reconstruction of the Provincial Government of Kwangtung, and perhaps Mr. Koo Ying Fun, the newly-appointed chairman of the Conservancy Committee for Kwangtung. The Canton Government are preparing a rousing welcome for Mr. Sun Fo and a group of officials will go down to Hong Kong to meet him.

CANTON'S TEN-CENT PIECES.

A GREAT SUCCESS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Sept. 11. The new ten-cent silver pieces made their appearance here yesterday via the Central Bank. These coins are exactly like the twenty-cent pieces in design, a picture of Dr. Sun Yat Sen being engraved on one side and on the other the Chinese characters "Yat Ho" (ten cents). As in the new twenty-cent pieces, no English words appear.

The minting of the issue began on September 5, and to date, some \$300,000 have been coined and brought to the Government Depository vaults on the South Bund. The merchants are accepting them with alacrity, as they are convenient for small changes. A large amount is expected to be in circulation within the next few days.

Mr. Chow Min Cho, Manager of the Central Bank of China in Canton, in an interview with the Press, stated that no more silver coins will be minted after this week, there being more than enough in the market already. Next week the Mint will only recast old counterfeit coins, adding enough silver to bring the content up to 70 per cent., the standard value of all Canton currency.

The short term public bonds that were due on May of this year are being redeemed at the Government Depository. However, only one half of the stated amount is given in banknotes or silver, the other half being given in new short-term bonds or four months' duration. Short-term bonds due since last June will be redeemable next month under the same conditions, and so on. It is estimated that some \$3,000,000 in short-term bonds are still waiting to be redeemed. As to the "kung tani" or public debt bonds, no attempt has thus far been made to redeem them.

(Continued on next Column.)

BATHING TRAGEDY.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE STUDENT DROWNED.

A party of about thirty students of St. Joseph's College went out bathing at Ngau Shi Wan on Monday and on the return journey it was suddenly noticed that a student named Chan Kwok Hay, age 21, residing at No. 8, Clarence Terrace, West Point, was missing. No one had seen anything of him and it was at once feared that he had been drowned, but apparently no one saw him in difficulties or heard any cries for help. A report was made to the Police on the party's return to Kowloon.

The fears of the lad's comrades proved only too well founded and yesterday, the body of Chan Kwok Hay was found floating off Ngau Shi Wan at almost the exact place where he was supposed to have gone under. The body was clad in a bathing costume and it is believed that the deceased developed cramp while swimming.

NEW REGULATIONS AGAINST OPIUM.

SCHEME OF REWARDS FOR INFORMERS.

An interesting series of regulations governing the disposition of fines levied for opium smuggling, trafficking and/or smoking have been drafted by the National Opium Suppression Commission in Nanking and published by the Administrative Yuan. By these regulations, members of the police force throughout the country who succeed in unearthing opium smuggling enterprises and who arrest opium smugglers, traffickers and smokers will receive due rewards.

The regulations are as follows:—
1. Portions of fines imposed by judicial organs upon opium addicts, traffickers and smugglers shall be given in cash as rewards to informers and portions shall be given to police officers who arrest such persons:

2. Fines shall be distributed as follows:

a. Should the information of informers be responsible for the discovery of opium cases, 50 per cent. of the fines shall be given to the informers and the remaining 50 per cent. to the police:

b. Should detectives or policemen be responsible for the discovery of opium cases, 50 per cent. of the fines shall be given to such officers and 20 per cent. to those who assist the police:

3. Informers who are unwilling to accept cash rewards for services rendered shall be officially extolled by the local administrative organs and their services shall be officially recorded by the Opium Suppression Commission; should informers be found to have made false allegations with a view to causing harm to their would-be victims, they shall be dealt with in accordance with the Criminal Code:

4. The various law courts which deal with opium cases shall grant cash rewards to informers and police in accordance with Art. 2 of these regulations as early as possible and shall submit immediate reports to the Ministry of Justice to this effect: the local administrative organs which execute the decisions of the law-courts likewise shall submit reports to this effect to their superiors: and

5. District Magistrates who are concurrently charged with the handling of judicial affairs shall deal with opium cases in accordance with Art. 2 of these regulations and shall submit reports regarding such matters to the Bureau of Civil Affairs of their respective provinces and to the Higher Provincial Law Courts.

NOTES FROM OTHER PROVINCES.

Talk is going on in official and business circles with regard to the redemption of the much depreciated Kwangsi, Hunan, and Kiangsi notes. These notes are exactly like the Canton Government banknotes in size, and appearance and everything. The only difference lies in the two small Chinese characters "Kwangsi," "Hunan," or "Kiangsi," respectively. They were all printed by the same company in the United States of America. There notes are therefore easily palmed off for the Canton issue and are a constant source of trouble in the city. The finance authorities are of the opinion that the Government should redeem these notes. The present worth of these Kwangsi, Hunan and Kiangsi banknotes is about 25 per cent. of their face value.

DEATH INQUIRIES IN HONG KONG.

WHEN THEY ARE HELD.

DEATH OF SERGT. DYERSON TO BE INVESTIGATED.

The statement in our issue of yesterday to the effect that no inquiry would be held into the circumstances of the death of Det. Sergeant Dyerson was incorrect. Apparently an error arose owing to an unofficially expressed opinion:—"I do not expect there will be an inquiry," being taken as a definite "there will be no inquiry."

With regard to the method of determining when a death inquiry is to be held, we are informed that the procedure is as follows:—

In any case of violent death or death under suspicious or unusual circumstances a request for a report is automatically forwarded from the magistrate's office to the police. (In this Colony the duties of coroner are discharged by the police magistrates of the area in which the fatality occurs). This report, with the statements of witnesses and the medical evidence, is returned by the police to the coroner, who after reading it decides whether he will or will not hold an inquiry into the case.

This process takes some time, and the Acting Senior Magistrate (Mr. E. W. Hamilton) informed our representative yesterday that he had not yet seen the statements, but that he had never had any other intention than to hold an inquiry in view of the facts of the case already known to him.

\$4,000 DEPOSIT CLAIM.

SETTLEMENT ANNOUNCED IN COURT.

A settlement having been reached between the parties, an action down for hearing before the Chief Justice was not proceeded with in the Supreme Court yesterday.

The Wing Cheung Kat firm, of 133, Connaught Road Central, as plaintiffs, claimed the return of \$4,000 deposited with the Hong Yik Bank, of 38, Wing Lok Street, in June, 1925, and a further sum of \$805.20 as interest.

Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist, appeared for the plaintiff firm, and Mr. H. G. Sheldon, instructed by Messrs. D'Almada and Mason, was for the defendants.

After Mr. Jenkin announced that a settlement had been arrived at, the terms were read in Court. The agreement provided judgment for the plaintiff firm in the sum of \$4,000 as well as fees of counsel and other costs as between solicitor and client. It also provided for a stay of execution for one week.

EARTH COOLIE'S DEATH.

HOIST BREAKS AT KOWLOON NO. 1 DOCK.

An inquiry into the circumstances of an earth coolie's death, following an accident at the Kowloon Docks when a truck loaded with earth fell on the deceased whilst it was being hoisted up from the bottom of No. 1 dock on August 11, took place before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, sitting as Coroner, at the Kowloon Magistracy.

Dr. J. E. Dovey said that the deceased died from multiple injuries shock, and concussion. There were several fractures on the body.

A fellow earth coolie who was working with the deceased at the bottom of No. 1 dock at the time said that they had just pushed a truck full of earth to the hoisting crane. It was being hoisted and they went back for another truck when, suddenly the chain broke and the truck fell on top of the deceased pinning him beneath it. The chain also hit witness on his arm.

The hearing was adjourned.

CANTON EXPRESS DERAILED.

ACCIDENT OPPOSITE HOLT'S WHARF.

PASSENGERS' ALARMING EXPERIENCE.

A curious accident occurred to the 3.30 p.m. Canton Express train just after it had left Kowloon Railway Station yesterday afternoon. The train which was comprised of nine carriages and the engine, left No. 2 platform and the engine had just reached the level crossing gate by Holt's Wharf when suddenly the carriages from No. 2 to 4 "ran amok." Some were derailed while the second carriage from the engine ran off the line and bumped along the sleepers for about 20 yards finally severing itself from the rear van and coming to rest with the front pair of wheels on one track and the pair on the adjacent track three yards away. Fortunately, no one was injured.

It was extremely lucky that the train had not time to work up speed or else the damage would have been more serious than has been the case. Needless to say the passengers in the "middle carriages" of the train went through some anxious moments which they will not wish to experience again.

Passengers' Experience.

Our representative, who was on the spot soon after the accident, was told by the only two European passengers in the second carriage, which was the most damaged that they were suddenly thrown from their seats as the carriage lurched and commenced to bump over the sleepers. They expected any moment that the carriage would fall over, and were greatly relieved when it came to a halt. Our informants, Mr. and Mrs. Blanchett, of the Church Missionary Society, were on their way to Canton, and appeared to be none the worse for their brief but alarming experience.

One person who had witnessed the actual derailment of the train remarked that the engine driver finding the going somewhat difficult, apparently opened up his throttle in the hope that he could "pull" matters right. Sad to say, he actually pulled a set of rails from their "chairs" and the following carriages off the rails. This will give an idea of the force behind the accident.

The coaches were finally lying across the entrance to the Station and it was impossible for the arriving trains to enter. Our representative was informed that the train

service would be carried on to schedule, but the passengers would be required to embark on the train at the other side of the level crossing. Passengers on the arriving trains would also have to alight at this point, until the rails were cleared.

A Difficult Job to Clear the Line.

Mr. R. Baker, Manager of the K.C.R., while inspecting the accident, remarked that the difficulty of clearing the line was due to the fact that the railway crane could not be got near the carriages, or else matters could be fixed very quickly. However, the break-down gang were immediately summoned and set to work.

It would appear that the train encountered some fault at a point described as "box 42," where the main track joins the middle track leading to the centre platform of the Station. Here the rails turn to join the main line leading out through the level crossing.

Sleepers Snap "Like Sticks."

Apparently the "change rail" mechanism at this point failed after the first carriage had passed, for both the engine and first carriage were safe. The second carriage started on the right track but the rear wheels chose to keep on going straight forward instead of turning. The whole coach ran off the rails and bumped over the sleepers for some distance before coming to rest. This put the carriage at the rear of the line alignment and they too, were forced off the rails and bumped over the sleepers, which snapped like sticks.

Carriages No. 2 to No. 9, belong to the Chinese Division of the Railway. The engine and first carriage are attached to the British Section. The carriages have suffered little damage and the heavy steel wheels are uninjured.

After the accident the passengers had to wait within the yard until the arrival of a new train which stopped on the other side of the level crossing. This train, which took the place of the 3.30 p.m. Canton Express, left with its passengers at 4.30 p.m.

It was learned later that the breakdown gang had finished their work by midnight, and the line was then clear for traffic.

ROUND THE COURTS.

REMOVING A WATER METER.

MR. J. M. ALVES SUMMONED.

Mr. J. M. Alves, of 1, Minden Avenue, was summoned before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistracy yesterday at the instance of Mr. J. S. Dinnen, of the Water Authority. Defendant was alleged to have removed a water meter installed on his property at Kowloon Tong.

Mr. Alves pleaded guilty and said that he had instructed his contractor who was repairing a wall which had been damaged during the recent rain storm to remove the meter and put it in the basement under the Indian watchman's shed. The house was unoccupied and there were no taps on it. He had tried to protect the meter by taking it away.

Mr. Dinnen agreed that defendant had removed the meter not knowing that he was committing an offence. However, the Department should have been notified that the wall was going to be knocked down and they would have taken the meter and replaced it themselves. Mr. Dinnen said that no damage had been done, and His Worship registered a caution.

ROBBED HER FLANCE.

Mr. Whyte Smith bound a girl over in a sum of \$200 for stealing from her fiancé and her sister at Kowloon City.

The defendant's sister informed the Magistrate that her sister was in the habit of going out too much. It was not correct according to Chinese custom for a young woman to go out so much.

His Worship ordered the defendant to sign a bond of \$200 to be of good behaviour for one year and to come up for sentence if required.

COURT CLEARED.

The case in which an employee of the Cosmopolitan Dock, C. J. Atchim, is being charged with a serious assault on a young girl living in Prince Edward Road was heard by Mr. Whyte Smith behind closed doors.

Detective Sergeant Meadows who was in charge of the case, informed His Worship that the promissory note which the mother of the girl had got the defendant to sign was dated August 7, whilst the alleged offence took place on July 28. The complainant would say that the note had nothing to do with the offence. The hearing was adjourned until Friday afternoon.

LOTTERY TICKETS.

Following a raid on No. 15, Jervois Street, the Police seized a quantity of printing matter and a number of 70 pin lottery tickets and arrested two persons, who were brought before Mr. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

The two men pleaded that they were merely employees, but His Worship said that they must be looked upon as keepers and imposed fines totalling \$200 or 12 weeks' hard labour.

A Chinese woman who was charged with possession of a quantity of tickets pleaded that she was carrying them for another person in order to earn fifty cents. Her story was disbelieved and she was fined \$50 or in default, one month's hard labour.

GLYN'S HATS FOR MEN.

EVERY "GLYN" HAT possesses that little extra that makes the difference in hat value over other makes, no matter whether it is a hat at \$13.50 or higher price—the difference is discernable.

KNOWN

SOFT FELTS in Grey, Drab, Fawn, Brown, etc., with the Smart Set brim or Snap edge. Lined or Unlined.



THE

WORLD

Stocked in Soft Felts, Bowlers, Tweed Hats, Tweed Caps, Double Teras and Silk Hats.

OVER

Call and let us demonstrate them to you—we know they will be of interest.

Sole Agents:

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.

10, Ice House Street.

COLUMBIA NEW-PROCESS RECORDS

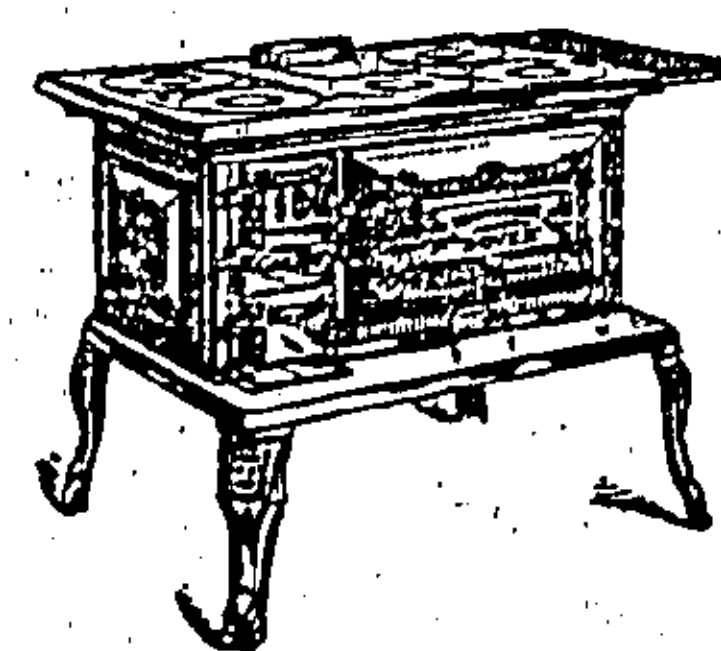
WE RECOMMEND

LAYTON AND JOHNSTONE

- 5358 LOOKING AT YOU
LET'S DO IT. LET'S FALL IN LOVE
5351 I KISS YOUR HAND, MADAME
DAWN OF LOVE
5360 JUST PLAIN FOLK
CAROLINA MOON
5322 SONG I LOVE
DIXIE DAWN

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

PORTABLE RANGES



There may be other "DOVER" Cookers but there is

ONLY ONE

"BONNYBRIDGE DOVER"

Four Sizes in Stock—For Coal or Wood.

Nos.	SIZES						PRICES
	HOT PLATE			OVEN			
	WIDTH	DEPTH	HEIGHT	WIDTH	DEPTH	HEIGHT	
6	28 in.	17½ in.	25 in.	12½	12 in.	8½ in.	\$45.00
7	30 in.	19½ in.	25½ in.	14½	14 in.	9 in.	\$55.00
8	32½ in.	21½ in.	26 in.	17 in.	16 in.	9½ in.	\$65.00
9	36 in.	23½ in.	26½ in.	18½	18 in.	10 in.	\$100.00

A full range of spares for all sizes, always in stock.

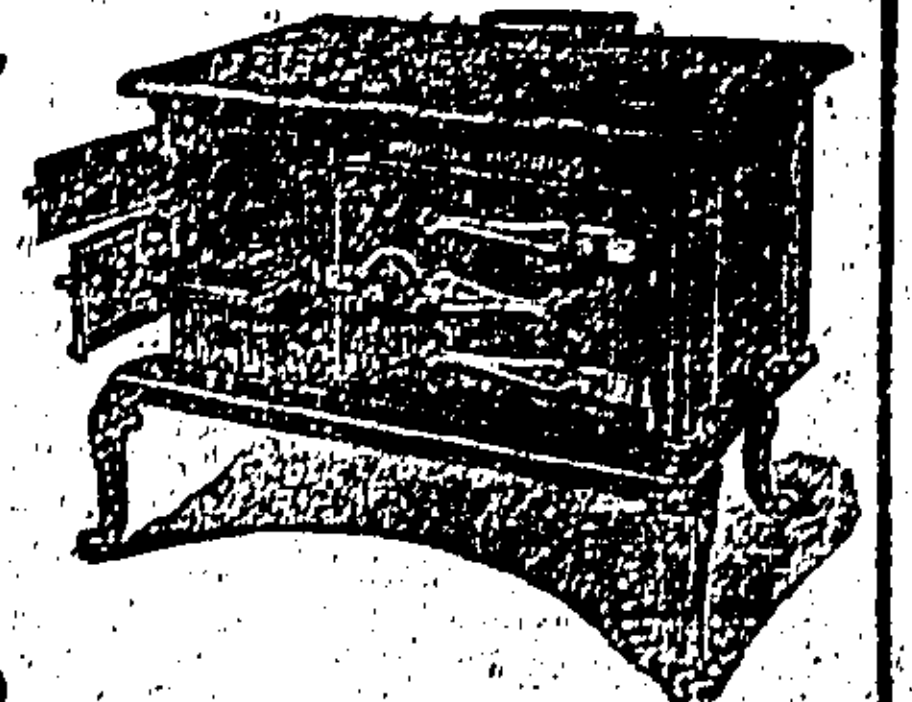
THE "MODERN MISTRESS" RANGE

Made entirely of Cast Iron with 5 Rings in Hot Plate.

HOT PLATE 36" OVEN 18½"

and fitted with 6½ gall. Copper Boiler

\$200.00



LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.
EXTRA MEETINGS, 1929.

PROVIDED No Further Unforeseen Circumstances Arise, the Following DATES have been Fixed Provisionally for the Remainder of the EXTRA MEETINGS SEASON—

MONDAY, 14th OCTOBER.
SATURDAY, 26th OCTOBER.
SATURDAY, 18th NOVEMBER.
SATURDAY, 30th NOVEMBER.
SATURDAY, 7th DECEMBER.

The Stewards request the Forbearance of Members and the Public with the inconveniences inevitably attendant upon the Building Operations at the Course.

C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 11th Sept., 1929. [8361]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

ANNUAL RACE MEETING, 1930.

THE Following DATES have been Fixed for the ANNUAL RACE MEETING of the CLUB—

24th, 25th and 26th FEBRUARY
and 1st MARCH, 1930.

C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 11th Sept., 1929. [8362]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received Instructions

To Sell By

PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON

THURSDAY,

THE 12th SEPTEMBER, 1929,

AT

H.M. NAVAL YARD, HONG KONG,

AND AT

KOWLOON NAVAL DEPOT,

COMMENCING AT 9.30 A.M.

WITH AN INTERVAL

FROM 12 NOON TO 1.30 P.M.

OLD AND SURPLUS

NAVAL STORES.

&c., &c., &c.

Comprising—

Anchors, Chain Cable Gear, Forges, Firebricks, Shells, Iron Reel, Davits, Pumping Plant, Cutter, Sampson, Cans, Whaler, Discharge, Old Lead, Battery Plates, Electrical and Wireless Telegraph Fittings, Glycoline, Old Electric Cable, Bakery Oven, Iron Mattresses and Bedsteads, Water Closet Pans, Hydraulic Jacks, Carriage, Bags, Tabes, Ice Chests, Chains, Desk, Grates, Metal Stoves, Cooking Pots, Water Cans, New Carpet Cuttings, Old Steel Cans, Matting, Fold-up Lavatories, Thermometers, Old Tin Foil, Old Tins, Old Ligature Vitae, Curtains, Overcoats, Blankets, Unglazed Tiles, Metallic Hoops, Old Corrugated, Old Coir Mats, Canvas Bags, Old India Rubber, Old Leather and Denims, Glass Plates, Tinned Bags, Old Wooden Cases, Old Cork, Cocon-Nut Matting, Asbestos Packing, Old Iron Drums, New Canvas Cuttings, Old Iron and Steel, Old Scrap Brims, Copper, Lead Zinc, Metals of Sorts, Brass and Gun Metal Boring, Zinc Bottoms and Zinc Ashes, Brass Tubes, Iron Bells, Lamps, Lanterns, Old Steel Shovels, Old Glass, Old Steel Wire Ropes and Cuttings, Dirty Mineral Oil and Oil Fuel, Compasses, Watches, Binooculars, Clocks, Air Pipes and Breast Ropes, Photographic Materials, Firewood, Old Steel Tools, Oil Pump, Circulating Pump, Motors of sorts, Ebonite Old, Electric Fans, Lamp Bells, Gymnastic Gear, Indicators, Cordage Machine, Lathes, Douglas Engines, Binnacle, Waterproof Sheets, Etc., Etc.

Also lying in FLEET AIR ARM RESERVE STORE, H.M. NAVAL DEPOT, KOWLOON—Old Fabric, Old Clothing, Waterproof Coats, Old Flying Clothing, Old Sparking Plug, Old Rubber, Old Aluminium, Engine Steel, Old Brass, Old Copper, Old Lead, Phosphor Bronze, Old Fabric, Steel, Tin, Old Tins, Old Aircrafts, Old Aero Wheels, Packing Cases, Assorted Drums (Containers), Etc., Etc.

ALSO SALE OF

OLD AND SURPLUS

VICTUALLING STORES

AT KOWLOON ON

FRIDAY, 13th SEPTEMBER.

Comprising—Serge, Flannel, Clothing Remnants, Manufactured Pipe Tobacco (10.0 lbs), Sundry Articles of Mess and Table Gear, including Electro Plate, Cutlery, Hardware and Table Linens. Also Condensed Provisions for Poultry Feeding, &c. Terms of Sale—As detailed in Catalogue.

LAURENT BROTHERS,
By Appointment Auctioneers to the Admiralty.

Hong Kong, 19th Aug., 1929. [8363]

THE FOLLOWING

PREPARATIONS & APPLIANCES

OF

DR. WM. H. SCHOLL

ARE NOW AVAILABLE:

TOR FLEX

TOR RIGHT

FOOT SOAP

FOOT POWDER

FOOT CREAM

ZINO-PADS

CORN SALVE

FOOT EAZERS

BUNION LOTION

BUNION SPRING

BUNION REDUCER

FIXO CORN PLASTERS

BROMIDROSIL POWDER

NO-GRIP HEEL LINER

"2" DROP CORN REMEDY

WALK STRAHTHERL PADS

TRU SPAN ARCH SUPPORT

TRI SPRING ARCH SUPPORT

ANTERIOR METATARSAL ARCH SUPPORT

You are cordially invited to a free Demonstration.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,

LIMITED.

ESTD. 1841.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 16th DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1929, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Tai Kok Tsui, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty's King, for one further term of 75 years.

No. of Sale	Resurvey No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	No. 2289	At the Junction of Tai Nan Street and Cedar Street.	N. 30° E. W. 110 ft. S. 30° E. W. 110 ft.	110	16,600	[8368]

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.

Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Booms and Out-houses, Two Lifts.

PRIVATE GARAGES TO LET.

Situate at the Rear of "PEAK MANSIONS." Separate Compartments including Light and Water.

Apply to—CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT, 4th Floor, FAIRVIEW BANK BUILDING.

ON SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES of the HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS, July to December, 1928.

WITH INDEX, PRICE—\$7.50.

On Sale at the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 4.35 p.m., stated:—

The anticyclone remains over S. Manchuria and pressure is relatively low in a trough extending from the China Sea to S. Japan.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds, moderate, fair.

IN MEMORIAM.

JOHN HENRY PIDGON, died September 12, 1929. In loving memory. [8359]

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. Central 12.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. Central 4511.

London Office: 91, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, SEPTEMBER 12, 1929.

GRAFT AT GENEVA.

Mr. Hoover has declared that the unsavoury stories about alleged graft at Geneva must be thoroughly investigated. The President says the use of unscrupulous propaganda to thwart the Government's naval limitation programme is "so obviously evident" that the matter must be sifted to the bottom. Cables from Washington during the past few days have given brief details of the allegations which are now to be probed. It appears that one WILLIAM B. SHEARER is using three important American shipbuilding companies for a quarter of a million dollars for services rendered at Washington, Geneva, and elsewhere in connection with discussions about naval armaments. The firms in question have denied that they employed this person as a propagandist, and the President of one concern goes even further. The Bethlehem Steel Corporation—probably the largest organisation of its kind in the United States—admits that Mr. SHEARER's services were engaged by them as an "observer," but when it was discovered that he was engaged in propaganda activities, his services on their behalf were discontinued. Another firm has made an explanation along the same lines—that Mr. SHEARER persuaded them of the importance of being kept posted regarding details of the Naval Conference, as they might thus be in a position to save money in connection with contemplated extensions of plant.

That Geneva is infested with spies and propagandists when any international gathering meets in that pleasant city is notorious. Americans are not the only—nor the worst—offenders in this respect, and we doubt whether even President Hoover could be successful in bringing all the ugly facts to light. The men engaged in such work, and those who employ them, are very careful to cover up their tracks. The position is very similar to that of "intelligence" work for Governments. If anything goes wrong, and the agent is discovered, he can look for no help from his Government, nor even from the man on the spot who has actually given instructions to the spy to do certain work. "Governments the world over spend vast sums of money on 'intelligence' work, but they know nothing about the spying done for them beyond what it costs. So it is at Geneva when the League of Nations is in session, or when an international discussion on disarmament is going on. The testimony of Mr. FREDERICK TUOHY is interesting in this connection. This gentleman served in the Intelligence Corps during the war on all five fronts, and knows of what he speaks. Here is his impression of Geneva—settled by a special colony of spies and wire-pullers and doubtless characters. "The birth of the League, and its concentration in one city, was a rare boon to the suave and stealthy international 'wangler' and amateur, as also in 'lesser degree to his brother of high

finance, manœuvring amongst fifty-odd nationalities to obtain this and that concession in return for such and such a favour from his Government. Sir Eric DAVIDSON may be doing his utmost to keep the city of CALVIN above-board, but he would probably be the first to admit that his little charge, just now aged eight, is commencing to embark on many, not very child-like subtleties, under the rose."

A good many of Geneva's "observers," says Mr. TUOHY, are permanently established in that city, but Consuls, like Attachés, are privileged agents. Only when they employ satellites do they touch the outer extremities of the craft sinister. "Another privileged agent—and a wholly delightful creation for which only God's Own Country could have been responsible—is the American spy à la mode. The United States care about spying less than any other land, and except *vis-à-vis* Japan and possibly England in regard to 'outraging' subsidies no agents, other than Consular officials and Attachés, to prowling about the forbidden places of the world; yet they have a perfect trump in the world-famous magnate or adviser-of-Presidents-on-a-trip-to-Europe, meeting everybody, being shown everything, almost

and generally in a position to form conclusive judgments." It seems a queer state of affairs that such idealistic movements as the League of Nations and the limitation of armaments should have resulted in an increase of spying, but so the fact is. It is what is known as "protective" spying, as distinct from aggressive, but revelations of such espionage have precisely the same effect upon the nations concerned as discovery of the formerly more common form of spying. Nothing is more natural than that firms directly interested in the building of ships should desire "inside information" as to the progress of an international discussion aiming at the limitation of naval armaments. The Five-Power Naval Conference met at Geneva in 1927 in an atmosphere even more electrical than that at Washington in 1922. "Authentic information as to the direction in which these secret discussions were going was of the greatest interest to firms engaged in shipbuilding and the making of armaments. An 'observer' able to secure facts not revealed to the world through the Press would be a very useful person to have at their disposal, and we may well assume that Mr. SHEARER was not the only man at Geneva engaged in such work. But according to President Hoover, this person's activities were not confined to getting information as to what was going on behind closed doors. He is alleged to have engaged in unscrupulous propaganda to thwart the U.S. Government's plans, and Mr. SHEARER himself declares that four American Admirals actually encouraged him in this work, he being also assisted—so he avers—by the U.S. Naval Intelligence Department. Allegations so serious obviously must be thoroughly investigated, and the result of the inquiry about to be opened will be awaited with keen interest. The incident is an exceedingly unpleasant one, but fortunately is not likely to have any unfavourable reaction upon the conversations on naval armaments which have been proceeding between Mr. RAMSAY MACDONALD and Mr. DAWSON, the U.S. Ambassador in London. "Secret diplomacy" has been in disfavour since 1918, but in its new form of face-to-face confidential talks between accredited representatives of nations, it would seem to have advantages over discussions between delegations at Geneva.

News and Views.

Two cases of enteric and one of paratyphoid fever were notified on Tuesday.

The Kowloon Station clock, which has been out of order since the typhoon, has now been put in working order again.

Telegraphic advice from Shanghai states that in the drawing of the Powhattan Club St. Leger Sweepstake the following numbers sold in Hong Kong drew prizes: No. 7078, Totalisator; No. 5024, Hasteaway.

A report has been made to the Police to the effect that a platinum bangle, mounted with diamonds and valued at \$1,500 was lost on Tuesday night by Mrs. Cheung Kau of 33, Kennedy Road. The report stated that the bangle was lost either at the Queen's Theatre or between the Theatre and Kennedy Road.

In an advertisement appearing elsewhere are announced the provisional dates of the extra race meetings of the Hong Kong Jockey Club. The Stewards request the forbearance of members and the public with the inconvenience inevitably attendant upon the building operations now in progress on the racecourse. No effort has been spared in pushing forward the erection of the new stands, and probably the rate of progress in the face of adverse circumstances constitutes a record for building construction in the Colony. Members and the public will be catered for to the best ability of the Club, and it is hoped to hold successful extra race meetings in spite of temporary inconveniences. There will be only one pari-mutuel completed for the first few meetings, and no private boxes.

It has been generally supposed that the name Hoover was an Americanised form of the frequently occurring German name Huber. The papers now bring the news that the "Amerikanische Schweizer Zeitung" has received information from the White House to the effect that Mr. Hoover's old country is the Canton of Bern, and that his ancestors have been traced back to one Johann Heinrich Huber, a linen weaver. This possibility had already been pointed out by the Swiss American Historical Society; since the beginning of the eighteenth century the Canton of Bern had systematically and officially encouraged the emigration to America, and numerous families had settled in Pennsylvania, where they formed a set known as the Swiss Mennonites. The name itself means a man who possesses a "Hube," that is, a small farm.

Part of a cinema film was "shot" in Buckingham Palace last month, an event which has no precedent, and the subject was the experiences of a small boy who had been taken into the Palace by a fairy prince. This first instalment showed the royal chief in the royal kitchen stirring a great Christmas pudding, made on the day of Empire production. "Shots" are to be taken shortly inside the magnificent gold and scarlet throne-room and the other State apartments. When the film is released the public will have their first opportunity of seeing the interiors of the State apartments. It is part of a plan to assist the Empire fruit trade. Special permission was given by the King for the taking of the Palace scenes during the absence of the Court at Sandringham, and when the King's journey to Norfolk had to be postponed His Majesty did not cancel the arrangement.

Canton's Bearded Fairy.

Canton papers continue to show considerable interest in the "fox fairy," or poltgeist as we should call it, which haunts the residence of a prosperous merchant. Previously we described how some seven or eight outbreaks of fire occurred in one day and the family left the place hurriedly. Some people named Chen took the house not knowing it was haunted and on the very day they moved in pebbles began flying in through windows. One member of the family uttered a protest but as he did so a stone hit him on the head. An amah found a bowl of newly cooked rice full of dirt, things were thrown onto the floor, tables and chairs moved without being touched by human hands. A series of sacrifices of eggs were offered each evening, and accepted as in the morning the eggs would be found each with a prick hole in one end and yolk and white extracted. The fruit also disappeared except for rind on stones. The fairy seldom appeared but a *mui tai* declares she saw a tall strange figure with a long white beard. The Chens soon left the house and it remains empty.

Shanties in Hyde Park.

An excellent open-air entertainment was provided in Hyde Park last month by the League of Arts Choir, the performance being the concluding feature of this particular series. The programme comprised a number of sea songs and sailor shanties. The shantyman—sometimes spelt "chantyman"—who sings the solos and leads the chorus of sailors was Mr. Owen Bryngwyn, and he was assisted by some 10 or 11 "sailors," who accompanied their singing by heaving at a captain or pulling at the haliards. A mixed chorus of about 200 persons, conducted by Mr. Reginald Ward, sang old favourites, such as "Tom Bowling" and "Bound for the Rio Grande." In all some 25 items were given, including, besides the better-known songs like "The Lass that loves a sailor," "What shall we do with a drunken sailor?" and "Haul away, Joe," such airs as "Tom's gone to Hilo," "Whisky Johnny," "Captain Nipper," and "Bobby Shafte," all of which were highly appreciated by a large audience. Especially "Captain Nipper" and "Tom's gone to Hilo." The weather was ideal for the performance, and the setting—the natural amphitheatre by the hot-houses of the Serpentine—provided ample room for the public. To add verisimilitude to the scene, halliards were rigged on which the sailors pulled as they sang, while on a platform a captain of the type in use about 1800 (principally for weighing anchor) illustrated the physical exertion which the songs were intended to lighten.

Members of the Honourable Co. of Friendly Adventurers, an organisation founded two years ago to promote world peace, mainly by providing facilities for children to travel, were "at home" last month at their headquarters, the clipper Friend Ship, which is moored in the Thames off Charing Cross. The young adventurers, both boys and girls, swarmed up the railings to the cross trees and indulged in roundabout joy rides on the capstan. Sea shanties were sung, and there was an exciting mock duel between Quartermaster Traynor and Mr. Roger Williams, the Shakespearean actor, disguised as Captain Kidd and armed with a wooden sword. A chase and scuffle over the deck and up aloft ended in the bold, bad pirate being compelled to walk the plank into the river in approved piratical style. Not the least pleased with the entertainment were the spectators on the embankment.

"Farming by Mail."

Mexico is soon to have farming by mail. Correspondence courses in agriculture are to be given throughout the Republic under auspices of the Ministry of Agriculture, it is announced. Arrangements have been completed and instructions will be free. More than 6000 farmers and farm workers throughout the Republic have already enrolled for the mail courses. Instruction will include subjects of a general agricultural nature, dairying, truck gardening, poultry raising and the care of cattle. Applications for the courses are flooding the Ministry, which announces that it plans to extend this correspondence service beyond the boundaries of the Republic, especially into Guatemala and sections of the United States which have large Mexican populations. The great success of education by mail in the United States, it is explained, induced the Ministry to adopt a similar system in this country. Correspondence courses are made possible, it is pointed out, by the great success of the Government's literacy campaign in the rural districts.

Russia's Budget.

The Budget of the Soviet Government for the fiscal year beginning October 1 will exceed this year's Budget by more than 22 per cent., and will amount to 9,497,000,000 rubles. This startling increase is explained by the greatly expanded industrial and transport activities under the practically all the major enterprises are in the hands of the Government, the Plan directly affects the Budget. Income is assured not only to meet Budget requirements but to leave a margin of financial safety. Profits on Government trade, transport, etc., will be so sharply enlarged that they will cover not only the greater Budget but an estimated decline of 6 per cent. in the total income from peasants' taxes. The largest item on the Budget, of course, is for State industry—a total of 5,500,000,000 rubles, which includes 2,618,000,000 rubles for railways and construction. Over 200,000,000 rubles will be spent on electrification. The Budget assigns 550,000,000 rubles to education and the protection of public health, a 25 per cent. increase in these two departments as compared with the present year.

Australia's Need of a Mussolini.

At the Pitt-street Congregational Church at Sydney the Rev. T. E. Ruth recently took as the subject of his monthly book-sermon "My Autobiography," by Benito Mussolini. "It is spectacular, self-revealing," Mr. Ruth said, "but it is self-revealing. It is written entirely in terms of self-appraisal, self-appreciation, and self-praise. He is the strong man, and he glories in his strength. His strength proves the salvation of Italy." Mussolini has not only administered a State which is a state-machinery, which is super-state-machinery. He not only changed the lives of men, but men's hearts and minds. He has tremendous faith in himself and believes himself immortal till his work is done. He lives for the machine—the machine that will run and that has a soul. "When I read this book," Mr. Ruth continued, "and institute a mental comparison between Italy and Australia, allowing for the distinct difference between the genius of the two nations and for the difference in the standard of living, but remember how lamentably our conditions of labour are overlaid with industrial, State and Commonwealth machinery, and how both Capital and Labour are organised against each other on a war footing, and neither with any regard for the community, when I remember how oppressed and depressed we are by our ridiculous number of Parliaments and over-ridden by so many bosses, I wish we had some Mussolini to cut the cords that bind us to such complicated machinery, destroying personal initiative, preventing production, and paralysing industry and blinding us to the fact that we are living in a fool's paradise, on borrowed money." "It is the personal significance of this autobiography upon which we should seize," Mr. Ruth concluded. "Mussolini was called to the Kingdom for such a time as this. So are you. You are not a Mussolini, but you are strong, and your strength is for savourhood, for the welfare of the community, for the Kingdom of God."

Drake's Sword.

Visitors to Buckland Abbey, Lord Seaton's historic home, are always eager to see Drake's drum, the sounding of which the great Admiral promised would call back his spirit to lead the English forces against any foreign invader, and the sword which was carried before him on ceremonial occasions when he was Mayor of Plymouth. Plymouth has long coveted the sword so that it may be added to the wonderful collection of Elizabethan relics in the municipal museum. This museum will probably be transferred to the Drake or Mayflower museum it is proposed to establish in the reconstructed Elizabethan house in New Street, Barbican, the scene of many gatherings of Drake and his men. No formal request has yet been made to Lord Seaton who, however, was sympathetic towards the suggestion when it was mentioned to him by Alderman Solomon Stephens. Lord Seaton said the matter might be considered when Alderman Stephens next occupied the mayoral chair, a duty which the alderman said he would cheerfully undertake, once more if the historic sword could be gained for Plymouth.

A Kodak Celebration.

Mr. George Eastman, head of the famous Eastman Kodak Company of Rochester, New York, celebrated the 75th anniversary of his birthday last month. There are many reasons why people of Great Britain should take a sympathetic interest in the occasion. Mr. Eastman's recent gifts to the Royal Free Hospital and to Oxford University are only the most recent of many manifestations of his philanthropic interest in a country which, as he gratefully remembers, helped to set him on the road to success. Mr. Eastman's first invention was a mechanical device which eliminated hand work in the preparation of dry plates. This was followed in March, 1884, by his invention of the film system of photography, and by the marketing of the Eastman-Walker roll-holder. One of the first film cameras made, with gold mountings and a special case, was accepted by the then Prince and Princess of Wales, later King Edward VII. and Queen Alexandra. The inventor recalls with gratitude that it was *The Times* first among publications which recognized this new method in an article published on August 11, 1885, and that it was followed two weeks later by a commendation from the *British Journal of Photography*. Mr. Eastman does not forget that his forebears came from the land which gave him his practical recognition and his philanthropy has been a measure of his affection. During the Great War he was a generous but anonymous contributor to hospitals and War funds. Before the United States entered the struggle Mr. Eastman personally and the company he directs had subscribed \$8,500,000 to the British and Allied War loans, and in 1918 this sum was substantially increased when the Prince of Wales declared at the laying of the foundation-stone of the Royal Free Hospital on April 30 that "the gift exemplified a friendship which springs from kinship of ideals as well as blood," he said what was abundantly true. Not long since his Royal Highness sent Mr. Eastman the beautiful silver and ivory maul, level, and trowel which he used at this ceremony, and in his letter of acknowledgment he announced that he would place those objects in the permanent museum of the Rochester Dental Dispensary.

Looking Back 25 Years.

It is proposed to call the new structure at the corner of the Praya and Ice House Street St. George's Building; and the others near by King's Buildings, York Buildings, and Royal Buildings—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, Sept. 12, 1904.

Looking Back 50 Years.

Why all this argument and laying down the law about a Chop? So far as I can see, a chop is simply a signature of a firm, and the same law which applies in one case would hold equally good in the other. The Chinaman instead of mentioning the name of one partner in full, tacking on the others to the tail of it as Co., simply adopts a trading sign, the characters for which he has engraved in his own peculiar fashion on a seal, which then becomes the signature of his firm, nothing more or less. Chinese writing being so essentially "mechanical" that to identify the individual is extremely difficult, not to say impracticable, it has become a very common practice with individuals when ratifying a deed or contract to seal it by an impression of the thumb, which has previously been reddened by means of a common native vermilion paste to be seen on almost any Chinese shop counter. It is said to be extremely difficult to imitate, the impression left by any two persons' thumbs presenting most essentially different characteristics. Such documents are very frequently done in duplicate, one-half only of the thumb-mark appearing on either document.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, Sept. 12, 1879.

FIGHTING DIES DOWN.

STAFFS RETURN TO DUTIES.
PEACE-LOVING SOVIET.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MUKDEN, Sept. 11.
An official communiqué issued to-day says that fighting in Manchuria stopped on the evening of September 9.
The railway, telegraph, and Customs staff have returned to Pogradichnaya.

Soviet Raids Forbidden.

TOKYO, Sept. 11.
A report from Harbin says that according to a report from a Soviet source General Blucher has issued an order to the effect that, in spite of Chinese aggression, no military action will be taken by the Soviet troops unless Soviet territory is invaded.

MOSCOW, Sept. 10.
The Soviet Government has decided to devote 100,000 Yen for the further assistance of Soviet citizens in China, owing to the reported unceasing acts of repression against them.

The money will be transmitted through the German Consul-General at Harbin.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON JARAINOR.

[Wah Ts Yat Pao.]

SHANGHAI, Sept. 11.
Over 2,000 Russian troops attacked Jarainor during the early morning of September 10. The firing was very severe.
The invaders tried to destroy the railway bridge but failed. The Chinese troops repulsed them after some hours' fighting.

SIR ROBERT HO TUNG'S TRIP.

TO VISIT HANKOW.

[Nan Chung Kuo.]

Sir Robert Ho Tung visited the Wu Tai Shan Mountains in Taiyuanfu under the guidance of an officer dispatched by Yen Hsi Shan, on Tuesday morning. He will proceed to Hankow a week later, where he will stay for two weeks, and then return to Hong Kong via Shanghai.

Sir Robert Ho Tung told Pressmen that on Monday, he interviewed Marshal Feng Yu Hsiang.

BRITISH POLICE FOR PALESTINE.

TO AUGMENT PRESENT FORCE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROOBY, Sept. 10.
A hundred young men, who have been recruited in London for police service in Palestine, leave to-morrow morning to take up their duties. They are going out to augment the existing Police Force.
The bulk of the men are under 25 years of age, and 75 per cent. of them have recently left the forces. The great majority have served in the Brigade of Guards.

Anxiety Now Dispelled.

MALTA, Sept. 11.
The battleship Royal Sovereign, which was standing by for Palestine, has been ordered to participate in the Mediterranean Fleet's summer cruise. Furthermore, the order given to Army units here to stand by in readiness to proceed to Palestine has been cancelled.

LONDON, Sept. 11.
Air Vice-Marshal Hugh Dowding has left for Palestine by air to take over the command of the British forces in Palestine.

TOBACCO MAGNATE'S FORTUNE.

MR. BERNHARD BARON'S WILL.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROOBY, Sept. 10.
The will of Mr. Bernhard Baron, the tobacco manufacturer, noted for his philanthropy, has now been sworn for probate as of the gross value of £4,944,220. The death duties will amount to over £2,000,000, and about £1,000,000 goes to charities.

HEROIN SEIZED IN TIENSIN.

PASSED CUSTOMS AS FLOOR POLISH.

AN ELABORATE PLANT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TIENSIN, Sept. 11.

An elaborate plant for the purpose of extracting heroin was discovered yesterday morning in a private and apparently empty house in the British Concession.

The fire brigade, upon answering a call, found the fire extinguished. Their suspicions were aroused however, and police examined the house, inside which most elaborate appliances were found.

It appears that the heroin had been shipped from France in paste form, and had passed the Customs as floor polish, which it closely resembled.

The machine for the extraction of the narcotic from the polish, together with several thousands of dollars worth of heroin, was confiscated.

The police have arrested a Russian Jew, Brinberg, who attempted to enter the house thinking the police searchers had departed.

OUT-OF-DATE TREATIES.

CHINA'S ADROIT MOVE AT GENEVA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GENEVA, Sept. 10.

Mr. Chao Chu, Chinese delegate to the League Assembly, to-day proposed the appointment of a committee to consider the best means of making more effective Article 19 of the League Covenant, which empowers the Assembly to advise the reconsideration by members of the League of treaties which become inapplicable, and the consideration of international conditions whose continuation might endanger world peace.

Mr. Chao Chu said that China considered that the removal of anything which might cause complications in any part of the world, deserved much attention from the Assembly, as the methods for the actual prevention of war in Article 19 ought not to be allowed to rust through disuse, and the appointment of the committee would be a great contribution to international peace.

HANKOW DISPUTE FOR ARBITRATION.

NO FURTHER ACTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HANKOW, Sept. 11.
No further action has been taken by the Wuhan Municipality with regard to Messrs. Butterfield and Swire's property.

Apparently, yesterday's procedure (demolition of the roofs of the transit-sheds) was a test to see whether the firm would offer any resistance, but no resistance was forthcoming.

It is understood that the matter will now be negotiated through official channels.

U.S. SHIPPING FIRM PEEVED.

A QUAIN ACTION.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.

An action has been brought in the Federal Court by the United States Navigation Company, which runs a fleet of cargo steamers between New York and Europe, and which is asking for an injunction to prevent thirteen British Transatlantic steamship lines, including the Cunard Line and the White Star Line, from conspiring to restrain the foreign commerce of the United States.

The defendant companies are to be charged under the Sherman Anti-Trust Act with coercing shippers by refusing to carry shipments at contract rates for any who give business to the plaintiffs. The plaintiffs give as an instance the case of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, which was forced last year to disregard a customer's instruction to ship by the United States Navigation Company.

The complaint says that the U. S. Navigation Company carries under five per cent. of the general cargo from the North Atlantic to United Kingdom ports and the defendants are attempting to eliminate even that.

Enquiries in British shipping circles elicit the view that the action is not regarded very seriously.

GERMAN UPRISING PREVENTED.

TERRORIST CONSPIRACY REVEALED

SMART POLICE WORK.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Sept. 11.

A dangerous Terrorist conspiracy against the Republic has been unearthed. It was organised by Nationalist fanatics, members of the notorious "Consl" organisation, which was founded by an ex-Naval Captain Ehrhardt.

Twenty men implicated in the recent bomb outrages throughout Germany have been arrested. Their leader, named Nickels, is an ex-Police Captain in Stuttgart.

The police followed towards Hamburg a motor-car containing Nickels, coming from the Lüneburg district, where the last bomb outrage was committed. They discovered in a house at Hamburg a package containing a bomb.

They then arrested the tenant, and again followed Nickels in his motor-car to Krambe, where they arrested Nickels at his house, and seized documents compromising many others.

The arrests in Berlin include Hans Tschow, who served four years imprisonment for complicity in the murder of the Foreign Minister, Herr Rathenau. Ehrhardt's office in Berlin was also raided. The conspiracy was apparently intended as a prelude to an uprising.

BRITAIN'S WORKLESS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROOBY, Sept. 10.

The total number of unemployed in Britain on September 2 was 1,152,300, this being 3,503 less than the week before and 172,375 less than the year before.

NELSON LINER BREAKS IN TWO.

SALVAGE MEN'S ESCAPE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

VICO, Sept. 10.

The Nelson Shipping Line's Highland Pride, which went aground at Lameda Point, whilst on a voyage from London to Buenos Aires, has now broken in two. Two salvage men had to swim from the wreck when the stern suddenly submerged.

AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT RESIGNS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CANBERRA, Sept. 10.

Following the defeat in the House of Representatives, the Bruce Government has decided to seek a Dissolution. A General Election is likely to take place before October 31.

NEW WORLD AIR SPEED RECORD.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH ATTEMPT.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROOBY, Sept. 10.

It is announced that in to-day's attempts on the air speed record at Calshot, Squadron-Leader Orlebar returned an average speed of 355.9 miles per hour, beating the record of the Italian Major de Bernhardt by 27 miles an hour.

Flight-Lieutenant Stainforth returned an average speed of 336.3 miles per hour. Orlebar flew a Super Marine Rolls-Royce 88, in which Waghorn won the Schneider Cup, while Stainforth flew a Gloster-Napier Six, which did not take part in the Schneider Cup race. Orlebar made four flights over a three kilometre course. Stainforth made five.

Orlebar's feat is a particularly brilliant one in view of the handicaps imposed by bad weather conditions. Visibility was very poor and mist often hid the machines from the spectators.

Nevertheless, Squadron-Leader Orlebar, who is the leader of the British High Speed Flight at Calshot, did the first lap at 368.8 m.p.h. and the third lap at 365.5 m.p.h.

Stainforth's effort in the Gloster-Napier was also very good, when it is considered that visibility during his flights was even worse than when Orlebar made his attempt.

Orlebar is expected to make a further attempt on Thursday morning and, if weather conditions are propitious, it is confidently believed that he will exceed his present record by at least 15 miles an hour.

PREMIER SCOFFS AT "SPLIT."

LABOUR PARTY'S POLICY EXPLAINED.

MUST HASTEN SLOWLY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, addressing his constituents at Seaham Harbour for the first time since his General Election triumph, ridiculed the report appearing in the *Evening Standard*, alleging that the Labour Cabinet was facing a split on something which Mr. Henderson had said at Geneva.

He said that the issue facing the Government at the Hague was not a mere matter of £2,400,000, but the more important question of fair play and respect for Britain's rights.

He expressed optimism regarding the outcome of the Anglo-American naval discussions, saying that he did not think the difficulties which had arisen were going to beat men of goodwill and sincere purpose.

It ought clearly to be stated that Great Britain was not making an alliance with the United States. The American was making a move to make a European Alliance and less in the face of an agreement to use moral influences and establish peace.

"I shall be optimistic to the end, which is certainly not in sight."

To Visit U.S.A. this Month?

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.
According to the *New York World*, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, accompanied by his daughter Isabel, will sail on the Berengaria on September 28 for the United States.

PLANS ANNOUNCED FOR 23-STORY SKYSCRAPER.

TO COST \$2,000,000.

[“D.P.” Special Service.]

MONTREAL, Que.—Destined to rank as the second highest skyscraper in the Metropolis, a twenty-three storey \$2,000,000 structure to be known as the Aldred Building will shortly pierce Montreal's ever changing skyline, towering above the Place d'Armes in graceful tiers to a height of 318 feet. This building, which has been designed by the local architects, Barott and Blackader, is being erected by Aldred & Co., Ltd., investment bankers.

Its height will compare with 395 feet for the Royal Bank Building and 312 feet for the Bell Telephone Building, Montreal's two tallest buildings at present.

In appearance the building will resemble the most modern skyscrapers, being set back at intervals so that the great height will not shut out too much light and air from the street. This arrangement also gives a massive, well-founded look to the structure, and at the same time makes it seem to be mounting up and up.

In the case of the Aldred Building, the impression is of soaring.

U.S. TARIFF BILL IN DANGER.

SENATE FARM BLOC'S HOPE.

[“D.P.” Special Service.]

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Leaders of the bi-partisan Senate Farm Bloc today made the definite claim that they had assembled sufficient votes to defeat the tariff bill.

They admitted, however, that they have in their hands a weapon whose use is uncertain and they are not in accord as to how to proceed. The anticipated attack on the bill has accordingly been deferred until Monday. Meanwhile a series of conferences will take place in an effort to tighten all fences and make sure that the bi-partisan nature of the bloc does not result in a split over some unexpected issue.

Democratic members of the bloc are especially opposed to the “flexibility” and U.S. valuation features, while Senator Borah and other Republican Progressives take a similar view. It is declared that the flexible provision gives the President an unconstitutional power, as he would be permitted to raise or lower rates 50 per cent. on recommendations by the Tariff Commission, based on conditions of competition on the U.S. market.

The valuation feature would shift appraisals from foreign to American values for duty purposes. Western farm representatives are virtually united in declaring that the measure which was previously announced as a means of relief to the farmer has actually turned out to be an added affliction to him while designed to enrich the domestic manufacturers.—United Press.

THE NON-EUROPEAN STATES.

DISTINCT ECONOMIC PROBLEMS

REMINDERS AT GENEVA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GENEVA, Sept. 11.

Major Marr (Australia) told the Assembly to-day that he had hoped to associate Australia with Britain, Canada and India, and to announce that she would sign the Optional Clause at the present session, but in view of the political situation in Australia he was unable at present to make any definite announcement on a subject of high policy.

Major Marr was most outspoken on the subject of the League and tariffs. He pointed out that the League did not consist merely of associations of European States. On the other hand, 27 non-European States were members, and their economic problems were very different from European problems.

They therefore might be unable to adhere to an International Convention, if the latter were proposed as a sequel of the European tariffs problem.

He hoped, however, that this would not lead to an accusation that they were not enthusiastic for the cause of the League.

Resolution Passed.

GENEVA, Sept. 10.
The League Assembly to-day adopted two French resolutions, the first calling for the convocation of an international economic conference, and the second requesting the Council of the League to convene an early meeting with a view to an international agreement to prevent fluctuations in the prices of coal and sugar.

WORLD'S "G.O.M."

252 YEARS OLD!

AND STILL GOING STRONG!

[United Press.]

PEKING.—The world's oldest man, who ante-dates the American Republic by almost a century, has been found in Kaishien, a town in southern Szechuan province, in the opinion of Professor Wu Chung Chieh, dean of the department of education at Minkuo University here.

The man in question, Li Ching Yun, is now in his 252nd year, and this fact is verified by dynastic records, according to information obtained by Professor Wu.

“Fountain of Youth”
The fountain is interested especially in Li because he is reported to have found a “fountain of youth,” in the shape of medicinal plants growing on the hills of Yunnan and Kweichow. He is urging the patriarch to visit Peking, so that he can investigate the secret of his longevity.

Professor Wu was told that Li has survived 23 wives, and is now living with his 24th, who is a mere 60 years of age. Although he is heard to walk with the firm tread of a man in his prime, and has a big appetite.

Li Ching Yun, according to Prof. Wu's informants, has records to show that he was born in 1677, during the reign of the Emperor Kang Hsi, the second emperor of the Manchou dynasty. He was a druggist in his youth, and during his search for medicinal plants on the mountains of Yunnan discovered the herbs which have so remarkably prolonged his life.

May Reach 300 Years.
When Li attained the age of 100 years, in 1777, his “old age” was considered remarkable, and the provincial authorities petitioned the Imperial Government for an appropriate recognition. The Government at Peking consented, and it is declared the order for this action is contained in the dynastic records.

But Li kept on living, and to the astonishment of his neighbourhood, finally reached his 200th year. The Imperial Government was surprised to get a petition urging further recognition, and verified the old man's great age in the records.

Now the old man is well on his way toward his 300th year, and the residents of Kaishien report that he shows no indications of senility. Last spring, General Yang Sen, the leading military in Szechuan, invited Li to a banquet in his honour.

Professor Wu understands that Li speaks readily concerning events in his life, and has no trouble recalling incidents which occurred more than 100 years ago.

Physically, the Chinese Press reports, Li is distinguished by a long chin and a pair of big ears.

SIFTING U.S. NAVAL SCANDAL.

WASHINGTON SMILES AT “JUDGES.”

THE PRESIDENT'S DECREE.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.

President Hoover, speaking with all the authority and dignity of his great office, to-day declared that the naval scandal created by the Shearer allegations must be “sifted to the bottom.”

The President said that the fullest investigation was demanded as the use of unscrupulous propaganda to thwart the Government's naval limitation programme “is so obviously evident.”

Simultaneously with the announcement of President Hoover's views at the White House, the Naval Affairs Committee of the Senate decided to investigate the activities of the powerful shipbuilding companies in connection with the Geneva Disarmament Conference of 1927.

Washington Amused.

Political and diplomatic circles in Washington, however, are cynically amused at the prospect of Mr. Shearer being brought to book by the Naval Affairs Committee of the Senate.

Both the chairman, Mr. Frend Hale, who is a Republican, and the leader of the Democratic members, Mr. Swanson, of Virginia, are themselves whole-hearted “Big Navy” men, and were among the men who successfully fought President Coolidge's cruiser suspension plan.

Nevertheless, Mr. Hale is credited with a desire to summon before the Committee not only Mr. Shearer, but the representatives of the shipbuilding companies, and the high naval officers against whom Mr. Shearer has made allegations of complicity.

Pertinacious Mr. Borah.

In any event, Senator Borah will demand investigation by the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate, if he is the chairman, if he is dissatisfied with the handling of the affair by the Naval Affairs Committee.

The initiation of the investigation is regarded in some quarters as a clever move to influence the Senate's acquiescence in any naval agreement with Great Britain.

Mr. E. G. Grace, the president of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, admits that Mr. Shearer was engaged by his organization as “observer” at the Geneva Conference of 1927, but says that his services were discontinued when it was discovered that he was a propagandist.

RUNAWAY GUN TRAGEDY.

SOLDIER KILLED AND THREE INJURED.

[United Press.]

CATERHAM.—One gunner was killed and three were injured when a gun belonging to a Territorial battery got out of control on a steep Surrey hill. The gun belonged to a battery of six, which was proceeding from Woolwich to Aldershot.

The dead man was Gunner Raymond Alfred Walden, aged eighteen, of Samuel-street, Woolwich. The battery was drawn by motor-limbers, and while passing through Hamsey Green, near Warlingham, the commanding officer was wrongly directed down a dangerous and winding hill into Caterham Valley at Whyteleafe. While descending the hill the brakes of the fourth gun apparently failed, and the gun rushed away at a terrific pace.

Three men were thrown off and fell clear, but Walden jumped off, and one of the rear wheels of the gun passed over his head, killing him immediately.

SINCLAIR ISSUES REPORT FROM PRISON.

“REMAINING IN OIL BUSINESS.”

[United Press.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Harry Sinclair, millionaire oil man and temporary prison resident as result of entanglements growing out of earlier court cases, to-day denied printed reports that the Consolidated Oil Corporation, one of his companies, is about to be absorbed by Prairie Oil & Gas.

He declared that he does not intend to quit the oil business and said that any merger or consolidation would place his company in control rather than allowing it to be swallowed up.

U.S. MOTOR-BOAT CHALLENGE.

SIR H. SEGRAVE NOT ALARMED.

RACES AT VENICE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROOBY, Sept. 10.

Sir Henry Segrave, the world famous racing motorist, has arrived at Venice where he proposes to take part in a great motor-boat speed contest off the Lido.

He has with him two boats, the “Miss England” and the “Miss London.” It was with the “Miss England” that he defeated Commodore Garwood, the American speed boat champion at Miami, Florida, early this year.

Commodore Garwood is also competing at Venice. The American has a new motorboat which is an unknown quantity, but its power is admitted to be very much greater than that of “Miss England.”

The Italian boat “Italia” which has engines developing over 3,000 horse-power compared with the 950 h.p. of the “Miss England,” is also an unknown quantity.

Before leaving England, Sir Henry Segrave said that the “Miss England” was of modest power compared with her rivals but she had already done speeds of more than 80 miles an hour and her cornering owing to her twin rudders was very fast. Power was not everything.

AMERICA AND THE WORLD COURT.

FRESH ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN CONSENT TO ADHERENCE.

[United Press.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Administration to-day made known that it had formally adopted the Elihu Root formula for American adherence to the World Court as an Administration project, which means that President Hoover will endeavour to gain Senate approval for it.

Col. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State, announced that the formula fully met objections which might be raised in the Senate, and completely protected the United States against the dangers which the Senate anticipated when it made its famous five reservations.

American acceptance of the formula was conditional upon ratification by other World Court members. It was expected that a year might elapse before the work of obtaining these ratifications was completed and the formula could be presented to the Senate.

League Notified Last Month.

Colonel Stimson said that he notified the Secretary-General of the League of Nations last month that he approved of the protocol and would recommend that it be signed and submitted to the Senate if other nations ratified it.

In endeavoring to make the United States a member of the Court, President Hoover will carry on a project which two Presidents before him urged. In 1925, the House adopted a resolution favouring American adherence. The next year the Senate became the battle ground and closure was finally resorted to before the protocol of adherence could be ratified. Five reservations accompanied the ratification, two of which were unfavourably received by Court members.

The principal objection was to the fifth resolution, which provided that the Court could not render a decision in which the United States had or claimed an interest without the consent of that country. President Coolidge urged American adherence, but was unable to compose the differences between Court members and the Senate.

Reservations Met.

Mr. Kellogg revived discussion early this year in a note to the League suggesting negotiations be reopened. Mr. Root soon afterward went to Geneva as member of a commission of international jurists to revise the court statutes. At that time, Mr. Root was understood to be taking with more than unpopularity, upon his return, he reported to President Hoover and Col. Stimson.

The Geneva commission adopted a plan for revision incorporating the so-called Root formula for American adherence to the court. Advocates of adherence believe the new statutes will remove the necessity for Senate reservations. President Hoover and Colonel Stimson are understood to share this view.—United Press.

Sports News

LAWN TENNIS.

C.A.A. TOURNAMENT.

KEEN GAMES YESTERDAY.

On the clay courts of the Chinese Athletic Association at North Point, the surviving competitors met to decide who should qualify for the semi-finals of the Open Singles. Keen competition prevailed throughout and all the matches produced good struggles and fine play. The results follow:—

M. W. Lo beat S. E. Green 7-5, 6-2.
Lim Bong So beat E. C. Fincher 6-4, 6-4.
T. Honda beat John Lim 8-6, 6-4.
S. A. Rumjahn beat H. D. Rumjahn 2-6, 6-4, 6-3.

The successful semi-finalists will meet on Saturday, play commencing at 4.15 p.m. Lim Bong So will be opposed to S. A. Rumjahn and M. W. Lo to T. Honda. It is worthy of note that all the three local players remaining have at one time or another been champion of the Colony, while Lim Bong So is the runner-up of the Malayan Championship.

M. W. Lo Beats S. E. Green.

In the first match decided yesterday, M. W. Lo met and defeated S. E. Green in straight sets, but he had a great deal of difficulty in winning the opening set. The local champion started well and gained a lead of 4-1 by dint of accurate placement, but Green kept him at bay afterwards, keeping him on the edge by some very fine drives, eventually drawing level. A good struggle followed for the set, which eventually went to Lo at 7-5. The pace and heat began to tell on Green, who fell off, allowing Lo to win the other set without much exertion.

Visitor's Fine Impression.

Lim Bong So gave a very favourable impression against E. C. Fincher, whom he beat by 6-4, 6-4. He played a consistent game throughout, kept a good length, placed accurately, and sent over both cross court and side line drives, occasionally sending a stinging shot which surprised Fincher. Above all, he did not appear to feel the strain of the match. He operated mostly from the baseline, seldom visiting the net where he showed himself obviously weak. Still he took the aggressive and timed his shots with good judgment.

Fincher, had only just recovered from a recent illness and did not appear as strong as usual. The clay court took a lot of sting out of his cuts, which are his chief asset, and most effective strokes.

The match was a good one, however, and Fincher showed himself to be his opponent's equal in the beginning. He even led at 4-3, but Lim asserting himself at this critical stage won the next three games to capture the first set. Fincher made another effort in the second set and again had the lead until 4-3 in favour when he again failed to make good his advantage, his opponent forcing the pace to win.

Japanese Champion Wins.

As expected T. Honda beat John Lim, but he had to work exceptionally hard in doing so. The visitor put up an extraordinary good defence, which frequently puzzled the Japanese, who appeared to become reckless when rallies became long. Honda, however, had the lead all the way in both sets and eventually won by 8-6, 6-4.

Tie Between Cousins.

The best match of the day was undoubtedly seen between the cousins H. D. and S. A. Rumjahn. It was generally expected that S. A. would win, but those present held a different view shortly after the start. H. D. produced very fine form, and got in his shots with remarkable accuracy. Opening with a lead of 1-0, he lost it at 1-2, but began to unsettle his cousin's game by brilliant all-round play which drew forth repeated applause from the gallery. In this manner, he won five consecutive games, to claim the first set.

The real struggle took place in the second set. S. A. serving, took the lead, but H. D. equalised, and so it went on till 4-4. Each knowing the other's weak points, maneuvering became the feature. In this, of course, S. A. had the better by dint of a better knowledge of tactics, and made H. D. fail at many an apparent easy shot, but H. D. returned those fast difficult shots, especially those fast running drives, which he (H. D.) dealt with severely at the net. At 6-4, in his favour, S. A. broke through this cousin's service to draw level.

S. A. showed up strongly in the final set and by dint of determination and hard hitting, kept the lead 3-1, 3-2, 4-2, 4-3, 5-3, and eventually won at 6-3.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

WATER POLO.

V.R.C. "B" DEFEAT K.O.S.B. "A."

KOWLOON SENIORS STILL WINNING.

[By "WATERMAN."]

The K.O.S.B. "A" after putting up a determined fight went under to the V.R.C. "B" last night by 2 goals to 1. The home team, though a much lighter side, understood the game better and in addition to this, they had the advantage of speed over the visitors. The K.O.S.B. "A" had much the better of the argument in the first half and were practically all the time in the V.R.C. section of the bath, but Remedios and Foraita, for the Club, put up a good game at centre half and back respectively and stopped many a combination by the soldier's forward line.

When the whistle for half time sounded neither side had scored.

In the second half, the aspect of the game changed and for a long time the V.R.C. monopolised play, but the soldiers' backs were sound and although the Club forwards broke through many a good pass from Lawrence to Zimmerman, the latter to put the Club ahead, but almost immediately the soldiers replied through Finlayson.

A hard fight then ensued for the winning goal and Roza Pereira settled the issue when he scored just before the final whistle. There were only eight seconds left to equalise and needless to add, the V.R.C. managed to look after themselves during this short period.

Kowloon "A" v. Kowloon "B."

These two teams met in a farcical game, the "A" winning by five goals to nil. The two sides were so unconcerned about the result of the game, that at one stage, the referee, Mr. May, had to warn players that unless they took things seriously, he would call the game.

Four goals were scored in the first half, Simpson netting twice and Logan and Kerr, once each. In the second half Franks obtained one goal for the seniors.

The League Tables.

V.R.C. "A"	P.W.D.	L.F.A.P.
Kowloon "A"	7	0 0 28 2 14
Chinese "B"	7	0 0 12 4 32
Chinese "A"	6	5 0 1 7 6 10
V.R.C. "B"	7	5 0 2 28 12 10
K.O.S.B. "A"	7	3 0 4 0 11 6
Royal Navy	7	3 0 4 0 20 6
Somerset L.I.	7	2 0 5 11 19 4
Kowloon "B"	7	1 1 3 0 27 3
Chinese "A"	6	1 0 5 0 15 2
K.O.S.B. "B"	7	0 1 3 3 25 1

TRIGO DOES "THE DOUBLE."

FAVOURITE VICTORIOUS IN ST. LEGER.

BOSWORTH'S GREAT EFFORT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Sept. 11.

The St. Leger, run at Doncaster today, resulted as follows:—
1. Trigo (Beary).
2. Bosworth (Weston).
3. Horus (Elliott).

Won by a short head; 1 of a length. There were 14 runners. Betting: 5/1 Trigo, 9/1 Bosworth, 25/1 Horus.

Beary rode Trigo, in place of Marshall. Otherwise the starters and jockeys were as shown below:

Earlier "Probables."

Trigo	Marshall.
Botwood	Garner.
Bosworth	Weston.
Totalisator	Perryman.
Posterity	Taylor.
Haste Away	J. Childs.
Mr. Jinks	H. Bensley.
Tom Peartree	Dines.
En Garde	Richards.
Horus	Elliott.
Brienz	R. Jones.
Cuttlefish	P. Bensley.
Defoe	F. Fox.
Pennycomequick	Jellies.

TODAY'S MATCHES.

OPEN DOUBLES.

3 p.m.

W. Bray and H. Owen Hughes v. H. Lo and C. Chou.
W. Hardy and Richardson v. M. K. Lo and M. W. Lo.

4.30 p.m.

In Tak Cheuk and Chiu Tsan Chiu v. F. J. Remedios and A. V. Gosano.
K. H. Ho and Yau Man Kit v. Lim Bong So and John Lim.

MINDANAO DEFEATS GUAM.

BIG LAST-INNING RALLY.

KIAORA-JAPANESE GAME CALLED.

"Home, Meyers, home!" yelled the rooters for the Mindanao when Meyers, who opened the game for the "Mins" banged a beauty way over left field. He was making a frantic effort to get home, but as luck would have it the ball beat him by about a second, and he was put out just as he made a slide at the plate! The tide was then retired for no runs and in their first inning, the Guam met with no better fate.

Then the Mindanao men collected a trio in the second and added another three in the fourth. In the meantime the lads from the Guam were kept pretty quiet, and although they had several openings to score they could not do so.

A Splendid Rally.

The Mindanao crew brought their score to 8-0 in the fifth, which happened to be the last too, as the Japanese, and Kiaoras were waiting for the use of the diamond. Facing a deficit of eight, the Guam fellows actually collected six and it looked as if they were going to tie the score as they had a man on second and one at third when their last batter struck out.

The Line Ups.

Mindanao.	Guam.
Saylor	p. Roseman
Fleming	c. Cathcart
Morris	1b. Jacobs
Meyers	2b. Campbell
Carter	3b. Smith
Weinacht	3b. Richardson
Hauptman	1.f. Harris
McCumber	c.f. Jamieson
Furbush	r.f. Foster

The Scores.

The score, inning by inning, was:—

	1	2	3	4	5
Mindanao	0	3	0	3	2=8
Guam	0	0	0	0	6=6
Hits: Mindanao	11				
Guam	7				
Errors: Mindanao	0				
Guam	3				

JAPANESE-KIAORAS.

After two innings the above game had to be called on account of failing light. Neither side turned out at full strength.

To-day at the Navy Field, the U.S.S. Guam will cross bats with the Phillies. The game is scheduled to start at 4.30 p.m.

PHILIP MEAD'S BIG SCORE.

SCARBRO' FESTIVAL GAME.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Sept. 10.

At the Scarborough cricket festival, a game between Lord Hawke's XI, and a team chosen from last winter's "Ashes" winners, ended in a draw.

The scores were:—
Australian Tour XI, 553 for 5, declared (Mead 233, Hendren, 158).
Lord Hawke's XI, 319 (Wyatt 108, Staples, S.J. 6 for 113), and 271 for 8 (Staples 6 for 78).

AMERICANS PRAISE BRITISH JUSTICE.

"CELERY, CERTAINTY, AND COMMONSENSE."

New York.—Remarkable tributes to the British administration of justice have been evoked in American newspapers by the trial of Richard Joshua Reynolds, the son of the tobacco magnate, who was sentenced at the Old Bailey to five months' imprisonment in the second division for the manslaughter of Arthur Graham, a Slough motor-driver.

Press and public are favourably impressed with the speed and impartiality of the trial, the dignity and fairness of Mr. Justice Humphreys' summing up, and the mildness of the sentence.

New York World says: "Here in a single case we have the various things which have made English justice what it is—its celerity, impersonality, certainty, integrity, and common sense."

The handling of the wreck of the Vestris at the board of inquiry is similarly praised for its thoroughness and impartiality by the American newspapers.

GRAND CHARITY MATCH.

SOUTH CHINA v. SERVICES.

H.E. THE GOVERNOR TO KICK OFF.

A grand charity football match between the South China Athletic Association and the United Services has been arranged to take place next Saturday, at 4.45 p.m., at Caroline Hill. The net gate receipts will be wholly devoted to the Tung Wah Eastern Hospital Building and Endowment Fund. H.E. the Governor has kindly consented to be present and to "kick off."

The United Services will no doubt field a strong team, for with the Garrison and the warships in port to draw upon it can be safely said that a first rate team will turn out. South China is also selecting a very strong team: strong enough to prove a formidable opponent to any other combination. Its forward line is easily the best the Chinese have ever put on the field and consists of as many as four "interport" players. Indeed the team not only includes many of the best local players but also several "stars" from Shanghai and Singapore.

The South China team will be:—Chow In In; Li Tin Sang and Ng Kam Chuen; Leung Wing Ching, Leung Wing Tak and Yee Cheuk Wa; Ip Pak Wa, Lee Wai Tong, Fung King Cheung, Suen Kam Shun and Tso Kwai Shing.

The Services line up will be:—A.B. Speers (Seraphis); Gnr. Oliver (R.A.); Sgt. Reeves (K.O.S.B.); Cpl. Everest (K.O.S.B.); Cpl. West (Somerset); Gnr. Joyce (R.A.); Sgt. Skeggs (K.O.S.B.); Pte. Stock (K.O.S.B.); Kernick (Sub. L.I.); Sgt. Bewley Bull (Somerset); Pte. Butcher (Somerset).

Reserves: Knapp, Stoker Deakin, Ransom, Glinisky, Alexander.

Referee: Lieut. G. W. Seal, M.C. R.A.

The entrance fees to the stands are 8/-, 3/-, 2/-, 1/- and 50 cents. Bookings have been very brisk and those who desire to see this representative match are advised to book early, at The South China Athletic Association, Sincere's, The Sun, The Wing On or The Lai Wah Companies.

BURNLEY WINS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Sept. 10.

In Division I. of the Football League to-day, Burnley defeated Sunderland by two goals to nil.

WRESTLING POPULAR.

BIG MATCHES DECIDED IN AUSTRALIA.

There has been a great revival of interest in wrestling in Australia, and the sport is almost eclipsing boxing at the Sydney Stadium.

An important match was staged when George Walker, of Canada, described as the British Empire champion, made Joe Banaska, of Poland, quit in the eighth round. When this session opened, the score was even—a fall each—but the Canadian attacked with great fury, and threw the Pole out of the ring with a flying tackle. He was dragged out with him, but Walker returned to the ring immediately, and it was some time before Banaska slowly and reluctantly followed him back.

As soon as he was inside the ring, Walker treated him to the same again, and after the Canadian had thrown him out of the ring four times, the referee was so disgusted with Banaska's unwilling return, and the length of time he chose to dally before he did venture back, that he crowned the Canadian.

The crowd gave the Canadian a great reception as he left the ring, and the same crowd stayed to hoot the loser, for there was no doubt in the minds of the fans that Banaska was a good wrestler, slow, but sure, works with method, and, although he had to submit to a fall in the sixth session, it was more because of the pain of the fall—a double leg-lock—on his injured leg. Outside of that he won the match pointlessly; he was far the cleverer of the two, and will show to great effect against a fast-moving opponent like Zaroff.

A feature was the total absence of toeholds. Not one was used at any time. The Canadian's pet hold is gained by a flying tackle, and Banaska's pet hold was anything he could get.

Weights: Banaska, 13.8 and Walker 13.11.

RIVER OFFICER'S "GROSS MISCONDUCT."

MARINE COURT'S FINDING.

RE-HEARING OF MR. BECK'S CASE.

A Marine Court of Enquiry was held at the Harbour Office yesterday morning to re-hear the circumstances under which Mr. W. G. C. Beck, formerly Chief Officer of the river steamer Kwong Fook Cheong, missed his ship on the evening of August 2 when it sailed for Kowloon.

Mr. J. T. Prior was for the defence and Captain W. Peritt, master of the s.s. Kwong Fook Cheong, appeared as complainant. The Court was as follows:—President, the Hon. Commander G. F. Hole; Lt. Comdr. L. G. Addington, D.S.C. (H.M.S. Tamar); Capt. G. Mathews (Mau Sang), Capt. A. Campbell (Sai On), and Capt. A. H. Brown (Kwong Tung).

The re-hearing was granted on a point of law on the previous Court's finding which adjudged the act to be misconduct. The law requires that "gross" misconduct be found before a certificate can be suspended.

Captain Peritt, master of the Kwong Fook Cheong stated that after the vessel left Hong Kong at 8.45 on the evening of August 2, (Friday), he discovered that Mr. Beck was not on board. The ship returned to Hong Kong shortly after midnight on the following Sunday. During the voyage witness had to do Mr. Beck's work and he was afterwards summoned before the Marine Magistrate and fined \$15 for leaving port without a full complement of officers on board.

In reply to Mr. Prior who said that Beck rejoined his ship as soon as it arrived back in Hong Kong, witness denied this and said that he found Mr. Beck lying dead drunk on the deck of the s.s. On Lee. He did not find Mr. Beck a competent officer.

Witness also denied that he said anything to Mr. Strellet, who defended him when he was summoned and fined \$15, about Mr. Beck being a fully qualified officer. He only depended on him because he had the certificate and was given the job. Witness said that he did not dismiss the defendant, he merely told him that he would have nothing to do with him any more.

Defendant received his wages from witness at 3.30 p.m. on August 2.

In reply to the President, witness said that a bell was rung every 15 minutes during the three quarters of an hour before the ship sailed and the whistle was blown about five minutes before sailing time.

Mr. Hochstadt the Chief Engineer was called and said that when he saw defendant at 8 a.m. on the morning of August 4, the latter looked sober.

Partly Misfortune and Carelessness.

The Captain's case having closed, Mr. Prior submitted that the defendant had missed his ship partly through carelessness and partly through misfortune. He was careless inasmuch as he left a small margin of time for getting back to his ship. That margin was shortened considerably by the fact that the last visit he paid before returning was to a tailor's shop where he was measured for coats from which place he came away leaving his wallet behind. He discovered his loss and return-

ed to get his wallet and that cost him about ten minutes. Although the act of missing a ship was reprehensible, he would ask the Court to find it did not amount to such misconduct or rather such gross misconduct as would justify taking away Mr. Beck's certificate or suspending it. Through missing his ship Mr. Beck lost his employment on that ship which was a certain amount of punishment.

Defendant in the Box.

Defendant said that he received his wages from the Captain about 3.30 p.m. on the afternoon of August 2. After receiving the money he went ashore and visited a ship in Pottinger Street. He then went to the Elite Styles in the A.P.C. building and was measured for two coats. He left the shop at about 8.30 p.m. and was walking towards the ship when he found that he had left his wallet at the shop.

He started to walk back at about 8.40 p.m. to the ship and arrived at about 8.55 p.m. only to find that the Kwong Fook Cheong had left. He rejoined the ship when it returned on August 4 between 1 p.m. and 2 p.m.

Witness said he had had several drinks before he rejoined the ship but did not consider that he was drunk.

In reply the President, defendant said that when the previous proceedings were held he had not troubled to check the time he was at various places just before he missed his ship but he had since enquired from the shops and now knew the times more definitely.

Lee Ping, a Chinese employed at the Elite Styles said that he was not quite definite about the time defendant was there. The defendant arrived at 8 p.m. and left about 8.35.

An Indian guard employed on the Poo Tak Wharf said that he saw Mr. Beck at 7 p.m. on August 2 when he jumped the wharf onto the s.s. Paul Beau which was moored alongside. He stayed on board for about three minutes. He could not say what happened after that as he had to attend to his duties.

Before the Court adjourned to consider its finding, Mr. Prior asked the Court to consider that Mr. Beck had had his certificate suspended for the past 30 days and that the harm done could not be undone. He lost his position 40 days ago and he would ask the Court to appreciate that to miss a ship was a very easy thing to do, and that it has been done many times before. The finding of the Court previously was a very severe one indeed and Mr. Beck had been over-punished already for his conduct.

Court's Decision.

"After adjourning for half an hour, the Court returned the following verdict:—

"We find that at 8.45 p.m. on August 2, 1929, British ship s.s. Kwong Fook Cheong, Official No. 132,108 of Hong Kong, of which Mr. William Peritt (Certificate of Competency as Master No. 001, 890 of Glasgow was Master) left Hong Kong on a voyage to Kowloon."

"That Mr. William Claude Cyril Beck, who was on the Articles of the said ship as Chief Officer and who holds Certificate of Competency as 1st Mate (River Trade only) No. 3801 of Hong Kong, did miss the ship without sufficient cause, not having previously obtained leave from the Master."

"We find that the aforesaid Mr. W. C. Beck committed an act of gross misconduct and we therefore adjudge that his Certificate of Competency aforesaid be suspended for three months."

"We further adjudge that the suspension of three months should take effect as from the August 21, 1929."

PIMPLES BROKE OUT ON CHEST

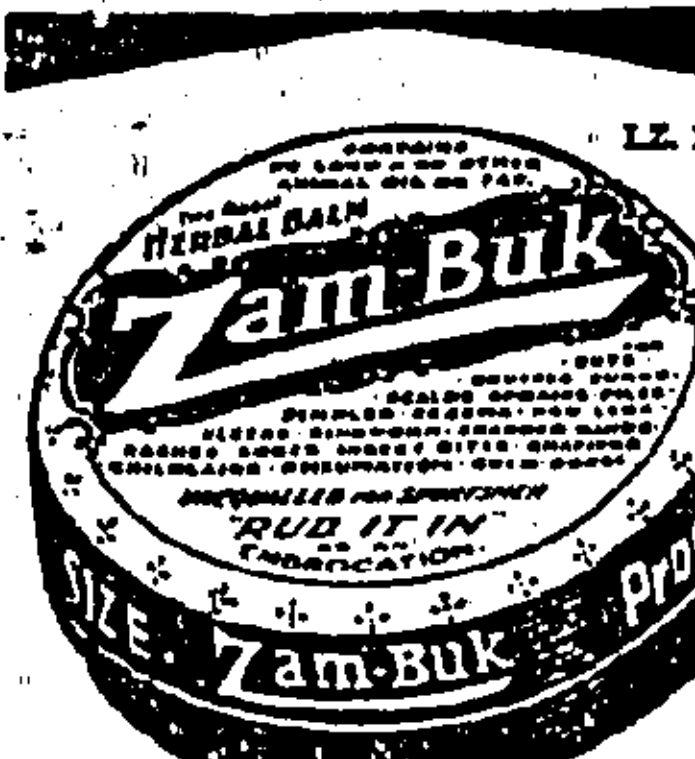
Burning and Itching Continual. Cuticura Heals.

"I was troubled with small pimples that broke out on my chest and caused me any amount of suffering by their continual burning and itching. The irritation got worse and by continual scratching the pimples spread to my back, neck and arms. They were about the size of a pea and very red."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using it began to get relief so purchased a box of the Ointment and one cake of Soap, and I was healed." (Signed) H. Shakespeare, 6, Henry St., Battersea, London, S. W. 11, Eng.

Use Cuticura to heal skin troubles. Sample each Soap, Ointment and Ointment free upon request. Write: Cuticura, Ltd., P.O. Box 850, Shanghai.

Sold Throughout the World.



ZAM-BUK Still The Best!

This great soothing and curative balm is a highly refined herbal preparation and has important advantages over common ointments and salves. Zam-Buk is wholly medicinal and absolutely free from pure-dragging animal fats and harsh mineral extracts. There is immediate alleviation of pain and burning irritation when Zam-Buk is applied, and it surely removes the most obstinate skin disease by the roots.

Zam-Buk is a remarkable skin grower. Being highly antiseptic, it destroys poison germs and prevents cuts, burns, scalds, the agonizing inflammation and oozing of the sores of thousands of homes, whatever the case, they wouldn't be without Zam-Buk!

FOR SKIN TROUBLES

all medicine vendors

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 10 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.

HOUSES TO LET

ATTRACTIVE Four Roomed PLATS in GARNARVON BUILDINGS, Kowloon. All Modern Conveniences. Apply HUNTER'S ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDING. (7393)

FURNISHED FLAT ON PEAK. To Let Furnished for 1 Year From 1st OCTOBER at UPPER PEAK. TRAM TERMINUS. A Modern Five-room FURNISHED FLAT. Can be Seen by Appointment. Apply PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., UPPER TRAMWAY. TELEPHONE PEAK 189. (8357)

TO LET—OFFICE ACCOMMODATION at DAVID HOUSE, 67/69, DES VOGES ROAD CENTRAL. Apply S. J. DAVID & Co., at above Address. Tel. C. 60. (867)

TO LET—FLAT No. 1, KELLER HOUSE, THE PEAK, Four Rooms, Flush System, Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters. All Modern Conveniences. Apply DEACONS, PRINCE'S BUILDING. (7008)

TUITION.

CHINESE Gentleman desires Lessons in GERMAN (Elementary), Evenings Only.—Please Write to Box 8342, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. (8342)

SHOPPING GUIDE

**The Viva-tonal
Columbia**

SOLE AGENTS:
ANDERSON'S
ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING

Macintosh and Co., Ltd.
Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Bldg. Des Vaux Road.

PIGGILY WIGGILY

TEAS & REFRESHMENTS.
HOME MADE CAKES
The Home of Fashion
CHILDREN'S FROCKS
LADIES' DRESS MAKING
KAYAMALLY BUILDING

POWELL'S

Gentlemen's Tailors
and Outfitters.
BESPOKE ORDERS
Executed in 24 Hours.
10, ICE HOUSE STREET.

Rolande Sarrault

MODES-COUTURE

2ND FLOOR, ASIATIC BUILDING
TELEPHONE C. 2252

Fresh Flowers, Fruit
and Vegetables

**The Clover Flower
Shop**

10, ICE HOUSE STREET

CAFE PAVILION

The Best Bread in
the Colony!

EUROPEAN BAKERY
BREAD, CAKES,
SWEETS, CHOCOLATES

Wedding, Birthday and
Christening Cakes
made to order.

PHONE: KOWLOON 571

93, NATHAN ROAD
KOWLOON

FOOK WENG & Co.

GENUINE CLOISONNE
Jar, Vase, Bowl, Box, Trays,
Smoking and Writing Sets
of
SUPERIOR QUALITY
at
REASONABLE PRICES
Every Article Plainly Marked
CHINA BUILDINGS
TELEPHONE: C. 4628

**HONGKONG HOTEL
GARAGE**

FOR CAR HIRE

For Hong Kong: C. 4788
For Kowloon: K. 681

A SEK & CO.
PHOTO-SUPPLIES

26A, Des Vaux Rd. C. TEL C. 34

**NAKAMURA
MASSAGE**

No. 218, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST,
1st Floor, WANCHAI
HONG KONG.

DER A. WING & Co.
(1923), Ltd.

THE STATIONERS.
THE SERVICE STATION
FOR OFFICE AND HOME
STATIONERY

Dennison's Art Goods
Reeves Artist's Materials.
60, Des Vaux Road C. TEL C. 1678

AH MEN

THE LAST WORD IN
TAILORING

54, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
PHONE: CENT. 3336

Madame S. LEITE
Ladies' Wear Specialist.

NEW WINTER MATERIALS
AND TRIMMINGS JUST
ARRIVED

ASIATIC BUILDING, 1st Floor
TELEPHONE C. 4474

A. YUN

TAILOR & OUTFITTER
49, POTTINGER STREET, CENTRAL
TEL. C. 6060. HONG KONG.

PERMANENT WAVING

The Most Up-to-date
Beauty Shop in Town.
MRS. BETEN. TEL. K. 6811
PENINSULA HOTEL EX. 34.

THE DAIRY FARM

ICE HOUSE STREET

FOR PURE MILK

FARM AND
IMPORTED FROZEN
MEATS.
HOUSE FRO POULTRY

QUALITY WITH INTEGRITY

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

THE DEPARTMENTAL STORE OF THE EAST.

TEL. C. 4567 (6 LINES).

EXCHANGE BUILDING.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Tak Cheong

Gentlemen's Tailors, Outfitters
and Dealers in all kinds
of Fancy Goods

50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
PHONE: CENT. 1317

KOMOR AND KOMOR

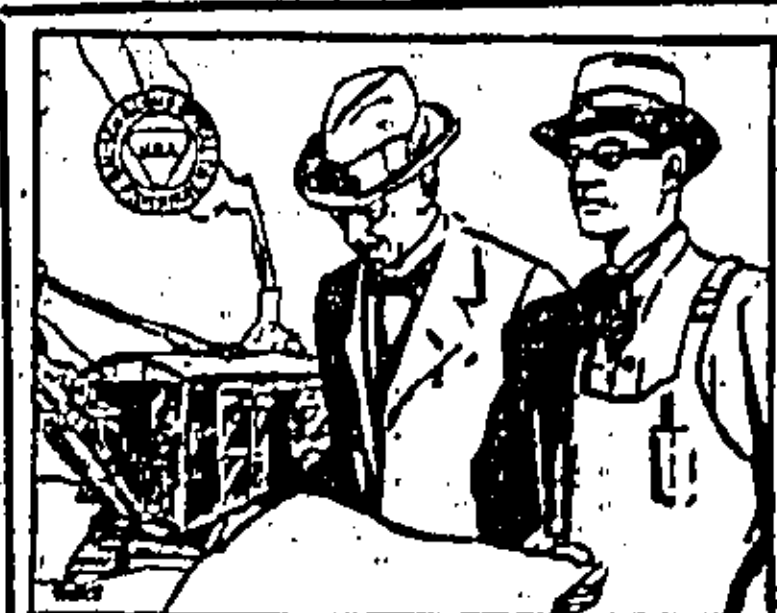
CURIOS

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING

AUCTION!

IF YOU ARE FURNISHING
AND WANT TO PICK UP
GOOD PIECES OF EITHER
EUROPEAN OR ORIENTAL
MAKE AT ADVANTAGEOUS
PRICE, GO TO

LAMBERT BROS.,
DUDELL STREET



"Good Work and Good Light Go Hand in Hand"
LAZARUS—THE OPTICIAN.

Mac's Cafeteria

HONG KONG HOTEL

MEALS A LA CARTE
8 A.M. — 11.30 P.M.

AMERICAN SODA FOUNTAIN

CHOICE SELECTION
CALIFORNIA FRESH FRUITS

J. Hoffmann & Co.

High Class Jewellers
Est. 1860

Alexandra Bldg. Chater Road.

**HONG KONG FURNITURE
CO., LTD.**

MANUFACTURERS OF
TEAKWOOD, BLACKWOOD
AND
RATTAN FURNITURE.

8, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

PRINCE'S CAFE

HIGH CLASS
RESTAURANT

No. 18A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

SPECIALITIES:—

CHILDREN'S BOOKS
RELIGIOUS BOOKS
CHINASIDE BOOKS

BIBLE DEPOT

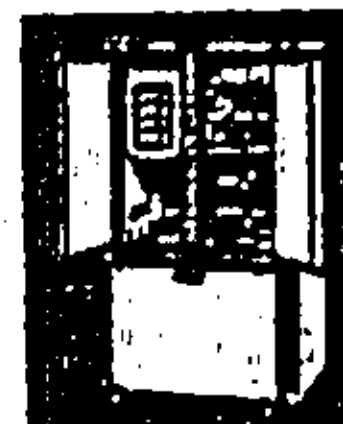
WYNDHAM STREET

The SUN Co.

UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

DES VEAUX ROAD CENTRAL

FRIGIDAIRE



SOLE AGENTS:
DODWELL & Co., Ltd.
QUEEN'S BUILDING. TEL. C. 1030

**H.K. TRANSFER
& LIGHTER CO.**

FURNITURE REMOVALS
AND GENERAL TRANS-
PORT BY TRUCK OR
LIGHTER.

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING
Tel. C. 2639
L. E. S. Hodge. K. 1422

BRUNSWICK HOUSE

BRUNSWICK
PANATROPE
AND
RECORDS

17, ICE HOUSE STREET
TEL. C. 4035

**TRADE IN THE
NORTH.**

STILL ACTIVE DESPITE
TROUBLE.

Mukden business is active. Business at Harbin, however, is quiet, owing to uncertainty in affairs of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

Building construction continues active in Mukden, but only small purchases are reported for railroads, the arsenal, and industrial organizations. Automotive dealers in both North and South Manchuria are holding large stocks of cars, because of heavy imports and sales not being as high as anticipated. Considerable difficulty is reported for sales of cars and other goods in outlying districts of North Manchuria, because of the imposition of a new local tax of 9 per cent. on all goods sold.

Goatskins.

Large quantities of spring goat-skins are being offered at Mukden at prices within reach of the American market—prices ranging from 1.35 to 1.50 Mexican dollars. (Mexican dollar is worth approximately \$0.43) Horse skins are selling at extremely high prices.

Manchurian crops present a normal outlook, a slight increase being reported in acreage planted.

While the situation in Manchuria causes a certain amount of uneasiness regarding the immediate future, no reaction in North China business conditions is yet apparent. Moderate to heavy rains throughout North China have improved inland winter transportation and contributed to more optimistic crop prospects. Planting of fall crops in certain famine areas is thus made possible, although shortage and rising high prices of seeds may necessitate relief supplies being sent in.

Early forecasts indicate that Manchuria's cereal crop will reach 20,400,000 tons, an increase of 400,000 tons over last year's crop. Both North and South Manchurian mixed crops are normal.

Exchange Affects Market.

Shanghai business, in general, is exhibiting more than the usual summer dullness. Importers in a number of cases report that orders in hand for future business are being held up because of reluctance of Chinese dealers to settle exchange or make definite commitments at present "low" levels. The general tone of exchange rates is steady, although the recent developments in Manchuria are being taken advantage of by local speculators, resulting in silver firming slightly.

The extent to which the market can be expected to recover during the course of the next few months is largely dependent upon the trend of exchange. Silver stocks in Shanghai continue to increase. Offtake is small and no appreciable upward movement is anticipated. Yangtze River trade is also unusually dull.

Tientsin conditions continue unchanged. Upward of \$0,000 Mexican dollars have been collected to date through the Tientsin customs surtax, which has been imposed for the Hai Ho alleviation project. Local authorities are arranging for commencement of work to begin this autumn. Poor drainage in central Chihli Province is resulting in the usual seasonal inundations so destructive to crops.

Tientsin Imports Quiet—Customs Collections Higher.

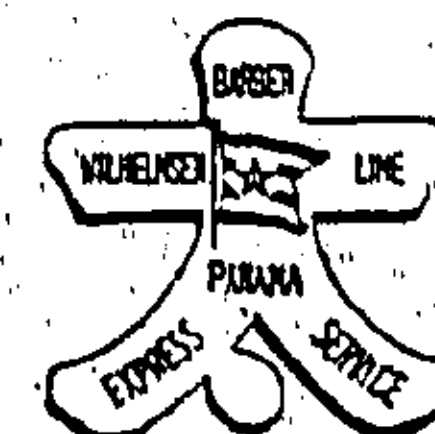
Actual customs collections at Tientsin for the six months ending June 30 total 6,189,000 Haikwan taels, compared with 4,284,000 Haikwan taels in the like period of last year. This represents an increase of 44.5 per cent. Export collections in the 1929 period show an increase of 37.5 per cent., while import collections are more than double those of last year's period. However, calculations made on the basis of old rates indicate an actual import decline of 20.5 per cent. in dutiable import items.

Larger imports of flour, which is duty free, offset the decline in dutiable articles, leaving the total import trade at approximately the same level as the first half year.

Current import trade conditions at Tientsin are generally quiet, being held in check by an unfavourable exchange, but may be expected to improve as indications develop for stability in North and North-west China.

WARSHIPS IN PORT.

The following warships were in port yesterday:—
Basin.—H.M. Ships Tamar and Moth.
South Wall Basin.—Tarentula.
North Arm.—H.M. Ships Sterling and Sandwich.
In Dock.—H.M. Ships Seraph, Serapis and L.19.
Foreign.—French gunboat Vigileante.



**BARBER WILHELMSEN
LINE.**

TRANS-PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC COAST SERVICE
via PANAMA.

NEXT SAILING

M.V. "TAI YIN"

on SEPTEMBER 12th

for

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SAN FRANCISCO,
LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK & BOSTON

42 Days To New York

For Passenger and Freight information please apply:—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Queen's Buildings. Agents. Telephone C. 1030.

**JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN
LIJN.**



REGULAR PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE BETWEEN HONG KONG,
AMOI, SHANGHAI, MANILA AND THE DUTCH EAST INDIES.

SOUTH BOUND.

STREAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJIBADAK	SHANGHAI & AMOI	16th Sept.	16th Sept. Noon	BATAVIA
TJISAROE	SHANGHAI, K'UNG, & AMOI	22nd Sept.	24th Sept. Noon	MANILA, M'RAE, & SOERABAYA
TJISONDARI	SHANGHAI & AMOI	29th Sept.	28th Sept. Noon	BATAVIA
TJIMANOEK	SHANGHAI, K'UNG, & AMOI	6th Oct.	8th Oct. Noon	MANILA, M'RAE, & SOERABAYA
TJIKEMBANG	SHANGHAI & AMOI	7th Oct.	9th Oct. Noon	BATAVIA

NORTH BOUND.

STREAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJISONDARI	BATAVIA	14th Sept.	16th Sept. Noon	AMOI & SHANGHAI
TJIMANOEK	JAVA, MAKASSAR	18th Sept.	20th Sept. Noon	AMOI & SHANGHAI
TJIKEMBANG	BATAVIA	25th Sept.	27th Sept. Noon	AMOI & SHANGHAI
TJILBOET	JAVA, MAKASSAR	2nd Oct.	5th Oct. Noon	AMOI & SHANGHAI
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	5th Oct.	7th Oct. Noon	AMOI & SHANGHAI

JAVA.

THE TROPICAL GARDEN OF EDEN.

Follow this flag on the comfortable steamers of the JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN to JAVA.

Gorgeous motoring along hundreds of miles of Asphalt roads.

Famous Botanical Gardens of BUITENZORG, Smouldering Volcanoes.

Ancient Hindu Burubudur and Mendut Temples.—Native Art and Art Craft.—Numerous cool Mountain resorts 3,000—6,300 feet altitude.

A round-trip that takes 3 to 4 weeks to be remembered for a life-time.

For particulars apply to:—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Agents:—

ROYAL NETHERLANDS INDIES AIRLINES, LTD.

York Building.

Telephone C. 1574.
1575.
1576.

THINK OF YOUR MOTHER OR SWEETHEART AT HOME! How she would like your photograph—just to see how you are looking! A letter is not enough. Come To-day to the **PHOTOMATON STUDIO**, opposite the QUEEN'S THEATRE, and in 8 minutes you will be presented with 6 Different **NATURAL** pictures of yourself for the small sum of 50 Cents.

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.

AMOEY.

Haiyang, Douglas, Sept. 13.
Antung, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 16.
Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 17.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 19.
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 20.
Namsang, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 20.
Anhui, B. & S., Sept. 22.
Talamba, B.I., Sept. 23.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 27.
Yuenan, Jardine's, Oct. 1.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Oct. 1.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Oct. 7.
Takada, B.I., Oct. 11.
Suisang, Jardine's, Oct. 12.

ANTWERP.

Philoctetes, B.F., Sept. 17.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 3.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Taipung, B. & S., Sept. 17.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 25.
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.
St. Albans, E. & A., Oct. 4.

BALTO PORTS.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

BALTIMORE.

City of Norwich, Bank, Oct. 6.

BANGKOK.

Helios, Thoresen, Sept. 15.
Kalgan, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Klungchow, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Sept. 22.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Sept. 22.

BELOW DELI.

Van Heutsz, J.C.J.L., Sept. 12.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.

BOMBAY.

Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.

BOSTON.

Mayebashi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Sept. 24.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 29.
City of Norwich, Bank, Oct. 6.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.
Imperial Prince, Furness, Oct. 10.

BREMEN.

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.

BRINDISI.

Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 16.
Duchessa d'Aosta, Dodwell's, Oct. 5.

CALCUTTA.

Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 13.
Garbata, B.I., Sept. 6.
Muroan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 8.
Tilawa, B.I., Oct. 9.

CEBU.

Golden Hind, S.S.S., Sept. 16.
Tacoma, S.S.S., Sept. 18.
Iowa, S.S.S., Sept. 19.
G'den, Dragon, S.S.S., Sept. 20.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Oct. 2.

CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 18.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 19.

COLOMBO.

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 17.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Sept. 21.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 22.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Duchessa d'Aosta, Dodwell's, Oct. 3.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 5.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.
Angers, M. & M., Oct. 8.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

COSENHAGEN.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

DALNY.

Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.
Vogtland, Jelsen, Sept. 18.
Bloomfontein, Bank, Sept. 19.
Aeneas, B.F., Sept. 20.
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.
Duisburg, Jelsen, Sept. 27.

DUTCH PORTS.

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Philoctetes, B.F., Sept. 17.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Sept. 21.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Hector, B.F., Oct. 2.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 5.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.
City of Pekin, Bank, Oct. 9.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

FOOCHOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, Sept. 13.
Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 17.
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 20.

GENOA.

Protesilaus, B.F., Sept. 15.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Sept. 21.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.

GLASGOW.

Protesilaus, B.F., Sept. 15.
Hector, B.F., Oct. 2.

GOTHENBURG.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Canton, M.M., Sept. 18.
Chengtu, B. & S., Sept. 19.
Kiangchow, B. & S., Sept. 19.

HAMBURG.

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Philoctetes, B.F., Sept. 17.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Sept. 21.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.
City of Pekin, Bank, Oct. 9.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.

HAVRE.

Protesilaus, B.F., Sept. 15.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

HONOLULU.

Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, Oct. 2.

ILOILO.

Golden Hind, S.S.S., Sept. 16.
Tacoma, S.S.S., Sept. 18.
Iowa, S.S.S., Sept. 19.
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.
G'den, Dragon, S.S.S., Sept. 20.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Oct. 2.

JAPAN PORTS.

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.
Africa, Manners, Sept. 13.
Calchias, B.F., Sept. 13.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Hakata Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 17.
Mirzapore, P. & O., Sept. 17.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Vogtland, Jelsen, Sept. 18.
Nagato Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 19.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 19.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Namsang, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.
General Metzinger, M.M., Sept. 24.
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Africa, Manners, Sept. 25.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.
Talamba, B.I., Sept. 26.
Duisburg, Jelsen, Sept. 27.
Kalgan, B. & S., Sept. 27.
Nellore, P. & O., Sept. 27.
Carnarvonshire, Jardine's, Sept. 28.
Aeneas, B.F., Sept. 30.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Oct. 1.
Rosandra, Dwell's, Oct. 1.
Yuenan, Jardine's, Oct. 1.
Formosa, Gilman's, Oct. 2.
Main, Melchers, Oct. 5.
Tathlybius, B.F., Oct. 5.
Persius, B.F., Oct. 7.
Toyama Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 7.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Oct. 8.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Oct. 9.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Oct. 9.
Remo, Dwell's, Oct. 10.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 11.
Takada, B.I., Oct. 11.
Macedonia, P. & O., Oct. 12.
Suisang, Jardine's, Oct. 12.

KANTO.

Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 28.

LIVERPOOL.

Protesilaus, B.F., Sept. 15.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.

LONDON.

Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Philoctetes, B.F., Sept. 17.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.
Angers, M. & M., Oct. 8.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

LOS ANGELES.

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, Oct. 2.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Oct. 8.

MANTUA.

Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 14.
Golden Hind, S.S.S., Sept. 16.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 17.
Taiping, B. & S., Sept. 17.
Tacoma, S.S.S., Sept. 18.
Iowa, S.S.S., Sept. 19.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Sept. 21.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Sept. 24.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 24.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 25.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Sept. 26.
Calulu, Dodwell's, Sept. 27.
G'den, Dragon, S.S.S., Sept. 20.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Oct. 1.
Kentucky, S.S.S., Oct. 2.
St. Albans, E. & A., Oct. 4.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.

MARSEILLES.

Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 22.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.
Hector, B.F., Oct. 2.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 5.
Preussen, Jelsen, Oct. 8.
City of Pekin, Bank, Oct. 9.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

MAYBES.

Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 5.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.

NEW ORLEANS.

Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Oct. 4.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Mayebashi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Cingalese Prince, Furness, Sept. 24.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 29.
City of Norwich, Bank, Oct. 6.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.
Imperial Prince, Furness, Oct. 10.

NORTH CHINA.

Afrika, Manners, Sept. 13.
Vogtland, Jelsen, Sept. 18.
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.
Duisburg, Jelsen, Sept. 27.
Main, Melchers, Oct. 5.

ORAN.

Alster, Melchers, Sept. 13.

OSLO.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

PANAMA.

Mayebashi Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 12.
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Rakuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Toba Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 29.

PEKING.

Van Heutsz, J.C.J.L., Sept. 12.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 13.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Garbata, B.I., Sept. 16.
Muroan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 5.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 6.
Tilawa, B.I., Oct. 9.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

PORTLAND.

Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Sept. 20.
Illinois, S.S.S., Sept. 23.

RABAU.

Calulu, Dwell's, Sept. 27.

RANGOON.

Garbata, B.I., Sept. 16.
Muroan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 8.

SAIGON.

Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.
Angers, M. & M., Oct. 8.

SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, Sept. 15.
Calulu, Dwell's, Sept. 27.
Hinsang, Jardine's, Sept. 30.
St. Albans, E. & A., Oct. 4.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Everett, S.S.S., Sept. 13.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Sept. 20.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.
Illinois, S.S.S., Sept. 23.
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, Oct. 2.
G'den Star, S.S.S., Oct. 5.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Oct. 8.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.

SEATTLE.

Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.
Everett, S.S.S., Sept. 13.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 21.
Tathlybius, B.F., Oct. 5.
Toyama Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 7.

SHANGHAI.

Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 23.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 23.
Aphalio, B.F., Sept. 12.
Tai Yin, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.
Tea, B. & S., Sept. 12.
Africa, Manners, Sept. 13.
Calchias, B.F., Sept. 13.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 13.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 14.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 15.
Szechuen, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Chekiang, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Kanech, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 18.
Ceylon Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 17.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.
Sinking, B. & S., Sept. 17.
Foonching, Jardine's, Sept. 18.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 18.
Vogtland, Jelsen, Sept. 18.
Nagato Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 19.

SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Aeneas, B.F., Sept. 20.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 20.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 20.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Sept. 22.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.
General Metzinger, M.M., Sept. 24.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Sept. 24.
Africa, Manners, Sept. 25.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 25.
Talamba, B.I., Sept. 26.
Duisburg, Jelsen, Sept. 27.
Kalgan, B. & S., Sept. 27.
Nellore, P. & O., Sept. 27.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Sept. 27.
Carnarvonshire, Jardine's, Sept. 28.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Oct. 1.
Rosandra, Dwell's, Oct. 1.
Formosa, Gilman's, Oct. 2.
Main, Melchers, Oct. 5.
Tileboet, J.C.J.L., Oct. 5.
Pres. Adams, Dollar, Oct. 6.
Persius, B.F., Oct. 7.
Tjibondari, J.C.J.L., Oct. 7.
Kalgan, B. & S., Oct. 7.
Angers, M. & M., Oct. 8.
Pres. Grant, A.M.L., Oct. 8.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Oct. 9.
Romolo, Dwell's, Oct. 10.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 11.
Macedonia, P. & O., Oct. 12.

SINGAPORE.

Van Heutsz, J.C.J.L., Sept. 12.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Sept. 13.
Morea, P. & O., Sept. 14.
Antung, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Alster, Melchers, Sept. 15/16.
Garbata, B.I., Sept. 16.
Muroan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 16.
Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 17.
Klungchow, B. & S., Sept. 19.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Burgeland, Jelsen, Sept. 21.
Coblenz, Melchers, Sept. 21.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 21.
Anhui, B. & S., Sept. 22.
Pres. Polk, Dollar, Sept. 22.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Kangawana Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.
Sphinx, M.M., Sept. 24.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 25.
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 27.
Mantua, P. & O., Sept. 28.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Hector, B.F., Oct. 2.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Oct. 2.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 5.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 6.
Tilawa, B.I., Oct. 9.
Franken, Melchers, Oct. 11.
Karmala, P. & O., Oct. 12.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Kangawana Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Kangawana Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 24.

SWATOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, Sept. 13.
Helios, Thoresen, Sept. 15.
Antung, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Kalgan, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 15.
Szechuen, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Chekiang, B. & S., Sept. 16.
Haiching, Douglas, Sept. 17.
Sinking, B. & S., Sept. 17.
Foonching, Jardine's, Sept. 18.
Haining, Douglas, Sept. 20.
Hirundo, Thoresen, Sept. 22.
Hosang, Jardine's, Sept. 22.
Kiangsu, B. & S., Sept. 22.
Hansang, Jardine's, Sept. 23.

TIENTSIN.

Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 18.
Vogtland, Jelsen, Sept. 18.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 19.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.
Duisburg, Jelsen, Sept. 27.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Oct. 4.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Remo, Dodwell's, Sept. 16.
Duchessa d'Aosta, Dodwell's, Oct. 5.

TSINGTAO.

Kwongang, Jardine's, Sept. 15.
Szechuen, B. & S., Sept. 15.
Sinking, B. & S., Sept. 17.
Foonching, Jardine's, Sept. 18.
Vogtland, Jelsen, Sept. 18.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Sept. 22.
Fulda, Melchers, Sept. 24.
Hansang, Jardine's, Sept. 25.
Duisburg, Jelsen, Sept. 27.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.
Caucasus, B.F., Sept. 12.
Everett, S.S.S., Sept. 13.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.
Tathlybius, B.F., Oct. 5.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Oct. 9.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Teucer, B.F., Sept. 12.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Sept. 17.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 23.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., Sept. 25.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Oct. 1.
Tathlybius, B.F., Oct. 5.
Toyama Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 7.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Oct. 9.

VLADIVOSTOK.

Glenapp, Jardine's, Sept. 20.
Carnarvonshire, Jardine's, Sept. 28.
Formosa, Gilman's, Oct. 2.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Oct. 11.

WEIHAIWEI.

Huichow, B. & S., Sept. 18.
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 19.
Chipshing, Jardine's, Sept. 24.
Cheongshing, Jardine's, Oct. 4.

Aeneas due from Europe Sept. 20.

Afrika due from Europe Sept. 13.
Aki Maru due from Manila Sept. 19.

Alipore due from Europe Sept. 10.
Alster due from Shanghai Sept. 15/16.

Andre Lebon due from Europe Oct. 8.
Angers due from Shanghai Oct. 8.

Aratuna due from Australia Oct. 7.
Asia due from Shanghai Sept. 23.

Atreus due from Europe Sept. 30.
Automedon due from Europe Oct. 10.

Awa Maru due from Japan Oct. 10.
Beltana due from Europe Oct. 22.

Benavon due from Singapore Sept. 15.
Bengal Maru due from

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SANTO & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 12th Sept.	2 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 15th Sept.	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 15th Sept.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	"KALGAN"	On 15th Sept.	Noon
SHANGHAI	"KANOHOW"	On 16th Sept.	2 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHEKIANG"	On 16th Sept.	2 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 17th Sept.	Noon
WUHAIR, CHITTOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 18th Sept.	11 a.m.
HONGKOW, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 18th Sept.	10 a.m.
HONGKOW, PAKUOI & HAIPHONG	"CHENGTOU"	On 18th Sept.	11 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 22nd Sept.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	"KIANGSU"	On 22nd Sept.	Noon
WUHAIR, CHITTOO & TIENTSIN	"KUICHOW"	On 29th Sept.	11 a.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

CARGO AND PASSENGERS CAN BE INJURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

"CHANGTE" & "TAIPING"

THREE NEW VESSELS MAINTAIN A REGULAR SERVICE FROM

HONGKONG TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports. STEAMSHIP & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION. HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

SHIP	DEPARTS HONG KONG	DUES TO SAIL
TAIPING	In Port	17th September
CHANGTE	11th October	18th October

For Freight and Passage Apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD. COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "ASIA"

loading on or about

25th SEPTEMBER

PORT SAID, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

SHIP	SHANGHAI, ETC.	COPENHAGEN, ETC.
M.S. "Africa"	25th Sept.	24th Oct.
M.S. "Malaya"	21st Oct.	2nd Dec.

Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.

For further particulars, please apply to—

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

Telephone C. 4071. MARGARITA BANK BUILDING, Agents.

PRINCE LINE

AUGMENTED SERVICE
SAILINGS EVERY 14 DAYSTO
BOSTONAND
NEW YORK"CINGALESE PRINCE" ... Sept. 24th
"IMPERIAL PRINCE" ... Oct. 10th

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

For Freight, Passage Rates and Full Particulars, Apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST), LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 8165. (Incorporated in Great Britain)
Telegrams: Furness. King's Building

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.
To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

SPHINX	... 14th Sept.	G. METZINGER	... 24th Sept.
ANGEL	... 18th Oct.	ANDER LEBON	... 24th Oct.
G. METZINGER	... 22nd Oct.	BOEROS	... 24th Oct.
ANDER LEBON	... 26th Nov.	CHENONCEAUX	... 24th Nov.
BOEROS	... 18th Nov.	ATHOS II	... 18th Nov.
CHENONCEAUX	... 3rd Dec.	D'ARTAGNAN	... 3rd Dec.
ATHOS II	... 17th Dec.	ANGERS	... 17th Dec.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transhipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or DUNKIRK.

For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, OREN, CANNANLARA, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, (AMSTERDAM).

For Full Particulars, apply to—

Messageries Maritimes.

Telephone: C. 651 and 740. 3 QUEEN'S BUILDING.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	SEPTEMBER 10, 1929.										SEPTEMBER 11, 1929.										
	Locals Time	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	WIND		WAVE (feet)	SEA (feet)	WIND (direction)	Hour Time	Locals Time	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	WIND		WAVE (feet)	SEA (feet)	WIND (direction)
		Inches	Mills.			Direction	Force (knots)						Inches	Mills.			Direction	Force (knots)			
Wladivostok	12	30.06	763.4	66	...	N	E	12	b	6	30.15	765.7	64	...	N	2	b	...	...	...	...
Nemuro	11	29.92	760.0	...	...	E	1	1	...	5	29.80	757.0	...	...	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Hokodate	...	29.82	757.5	...	...	NE	1	1	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	NW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	...	29.89	746.5	...	...	N	3	1	...	...	29.82	757.5	...	...	W	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kochi	...	29.83	750.0	...	...	N	1	3	...	...	29.78	755.5	...	...	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	29.70	754.5	...	...	N	1	3	...	...	29.88	759.0	...	...	N	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kaposhima	...	29.68	752.5	...	...	WNW	1	3	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	29.70	754.5	...	...	NNE	2	3	...	...	29.78	756.5	...	...	N	1	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.72	755.0	...	...	NNE	3	...	...	...	29.78	756.5	...	...	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	...	29.74	755.5	...	...	NE	2	3	...	...	29.78	756.5	...	...	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	29.80	757.0	...	...	SSW	3	...	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	SSW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	15	30.02	762.5	78	92	NNE	1	1	b	6	30.04	763.0	69	80	N	2	b	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.93	760.2	81	58	NNE	2	2	b	...	30.00	762.0	63	96	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Gutzli	...	29.97	761.2	81	62	NNE	2	2	b	...	30.04	763.0	70	70	NNE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Sharp Peak	...	29.81	757.2	82	71	ENE	4	b	b	7	29.83	757.7	77	77	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	...	29.77	756.1	90	68	ENE	2	2	c	6	29.83	757.7	78	65	N	4	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	29.78	756.4	82	84	ESR	2	c	c	...	29.84	757.9	75	91	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	11	29.82	757.5	79	85	N	2	0	c	5	29.85	758.1	73	91	E	2	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	...	29.75	755.7	84	...	N	2	0	c	...	29.79	756.6	73	...	E	2	...	...	...	...	...
Taiwan	...	29.72	754.8	90	...	...	2	0	c	...	29.75	755.7	75	...	...	0	...	...	...	...	...
Koshu	...	29.73	755.1	84	...	ENE	2	6	c	...	29.78	755.1	79	...	NE	4	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	29.75	755.7	84	...	NE	2	6	c	...	29.76	756.0	79	...	NE	6	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	29.77	756.1	85	66	W	2	2	c	6	29.81	757.2	79	75	E	2	...	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	29.79	756.6	...	...	E	2	2	c	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	ENE	4	...	...	...	...	...
Macao	...	29.75	755.7	90	60	ESE	2	c	...	...	29.78	756.3	79	84	ESE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	...	29.73	755.1	83	75	NE	6	b	...	...	29.75	755.6	80	83	NE	5	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	15	29.78	756.3	80	75	E	4	c	b	7	29.82	757.5	79	87	E	1	...	...	...	...	...
Phu Lien	...	29.72	754.8	86	...	E	2	b	...	...	29.79	756.6	77	...	S	2	...	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.65	753.3	84	74	NNE	2	c	...	6	29.84	757.8	73	...	W	2	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	14	29.65	753.3	84	74	NNE	2	c	...	6	29.84	757.8	73	...	W	2	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	...	29.65	753.0	86	71	N	4	c	...	...	29.68	753.9	79	90	NNW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Aparr	...	29.65	753.0	86	71	N	4	c	...	...	29.69	754.2	77	96	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.65	753.0	86	71	N	4	c	...	...	29.69	754.2	77	96	S	1	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.65	753.0	86	71	N	4	c	...	...	29.69	754.2	77	96	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.71	754.5	79	89	SW	4	r	...	...	29.69	754.2	76	88	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.71	754.5	86	68	SW	4	c	...	...	29.74	755.4	75	96	ESE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	29.71	754.5	86	68	SW	4	c	...	...	29.74	755.4	77	94	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Tacolban	...	29.72	754.8	90	60	SW	4	b	...	...	29.78	756.3	77	94	...	0	...	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	29.75	755.7	84	77	SSW	6	c	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	91	S	4	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	29.75	755.7	84	77	SSW	6	c	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	80	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.75	755.7	84	77	SSW	6	c	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	80	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	...	29.75	755.7	84	77	SSW	6	c	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	...	NE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.75	755.7	...	...	N	2	c	4.22	...	29.79	756.6	79	...	NE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.80	756.9	...	...	NNW	2	c	...	5	29.83	758.1	...	...	NE	4	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	29.80	756.9	...	...	NNW	2	c	...	...	29.84	757.9	76	...	NNE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	29.80	756.9	...	...	NNW	2	c	...	...	29.89	759.2	76	...	RSE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	757.2	88	76	SW	2	b	6	...	29.84	757.9	78	91	...	1	...	...	...	...	...

September 11, 10A. 47m.—The anticyclone continues to be central over S. Manchuria and has increased in intensity. The depression appears to have filled up, but a trough of relatively low pressure extends from the China Sea north-eastward to S. Japan.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.15, inch. Total since January 1, 1926, 160.86 inches, against an average of 69.55 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON SEPTEMBER 12.

- 1.—Formosa Channel N.E. winds, fresh.
2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamcocks N.E. or variable winds, moderate; cloudy, occasional rain.
3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, September 11

	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer...	29.75	29.85	29.77
Temperature...	85	79	82
Humidity...	68	85	63
Wind...			
Direction...	WSW	N	E
Force...	2	1	3
Weather...	O	O	C
Rain...	0.30	0.0	0.5
Highest open-air Temperature, 10:15			85
Lowest open-air Temperature, 11:19			79
B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.			

